

THE GREENCASTLE TIMES.

VOL. 6, NO. 45.

GREENCASTLE INDIANA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1887.

\$1.25 PER YEAR

FOR
Heating and Cook Stoves,
Pocket Knives, Table Cutlery, Skates and
Plated Ware.
—WHICH WILL BE SOLD AT BOTTOM PRICES—
H. S. RENICK & CO.
EAST SIDE SQUARE.

REESE - PRICE.

Do not forget that the best place to buy your school shoes is where you can get the best. We are the only store in the city where you can find the Walker boot and shoe. It is considered by far the best shoe yet put on the market for wear and tear. Your boy can kick the sidewalk up on his way from school if he wants to, and yet have good shoes on his feet when he gets home. We also carry a fine line of ladies' and gents' shoes; also heavy shoes for country wear.

REESE - PRICE.

MISS FIDA A. LESTER, MUSICAL COURSE.

PRIMARY YEAR:

New England Conservatory Method.
Czerney's Etudes in Mechanism, Op. 810.
Czerney's Etudes in Velocity.
First Lessons in thorough Bass.

JUNIOR YEAR:

Heller's Etudes, introductory to the art of phrasing, Op. 45.
Loeschhorn's Etudes, Book I.
Kullak's Octave Etudes, Book I.
Conane, Op. 9.
Tone Poets.

MIDDLE YEAR:

Jacob Schmidt's Second Preceptor for advanced players, and supplement, Op. 330.
Heiler's Art of Phrasing, Op. 16.
Thorough Bass.

SENIOR YEAR:

Chopin's Sonatas.
Beethoven's Sonatas.
Works of Liszt, and those of more modern composers.

HENRY A. DAY, WATCHMAKER.

Twenty years practical experience at watch repairing. Do all work left with me myself. Guarantee entire satisfaction.
Allen's Block, second door East of First National Bank, Greencastle. 1223

WORKING CLASSES ATTENTION!
We are now prepared to furnish all classes with employment at home, the whole of the time, or for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to \$5.00 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting all their time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this may send their address and test the business, we make this offer: To such as are not well satisfied we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars and outfit free. Address GEORGE STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 34yr lex

AN OLD FASHIONED GIRL.

Old-fashioned? Yes, I must confess
The antique pattern of her dress,
The faded ribbons and the bows,
Why she should show those shrunken charms,
That wrinkled neck, those tawny arms,
I cannot guess; her russet gown
Round her spare form hangs loosely down;
Her voice is thin and cracked; her eye
And smile have lost their witchery.
By each attenuated curl,
She surely is, I must admit,
An odd old-fashioned girl.
'T is long, long since she had a beau,
And now with those who sit a-row
Along the wall she takes her place,
With something of the old time grace,
She yearns to join the merry waltz,
And shyly sniffs her smelling-salts.
Ah, many an angel in disguise
May walk before our human eyes!
Where'er the fever-smitten lie
In grimy haunts of poverty,
Along the dark and squalid street,
'Mid drunken jests of boor and churl,
She goes with swift and pitying feet,
—This same old-fashioned girl.
—JAMES B. KENTON, in Century Bric-a-Brac.

PENCILINGS.

Sear and yellow poetry is due.
The water works test will be made in a few days.
Anthracite coal promises to be too high to be popular this winter.

The brick pavement contractors are delayed in their work by reason of the scarcity of brick.

The forests are a little late in showing the beauties of autumn, but the last few days have begun to tell.

Do our amusement managers propose to let Greencastle go without a lecture course of any sort this winter?

The moon is supposed to be celebrating a double birthday. Anyhow she is advertised to get full twice during this month.

The single eye-glass is worn by the dude. The theory is that he can see more with one eye than he can comprehend.—Exchange.

"The story of a worm that eats steel rails is now declared to be a hoax." This surprises us. We supposed it was an internal lie.—Norristown Herald.

Last Sunday was a big day at the Catholic school in this city. Bishop Chatard dedicated the new building with a very interesting ceremony after which he preached a powerful sermon in the church adjoining.

The Putnam county delegation at Indianapolis last Saturday made a good showing. Unfortunately they got the rear end of the procession and as a consequence their line was a little ragged, but they got there just the same and everybody saw Grover.

A commendable street improvement has been made at the Central bank corner. The gutter that formerly ran west across Jackson street on Washington has been turned south on Jackson, and the street graded up level with the crossing. There are other corners that might be likewise improved.

STRANGER (to Kansas City citizen): "Those three corner lots of yours are fine property, Captain." CITIZEN (enthusiastically): "Fine property? Why, great Scott, man, there ain't nothing like 'em west of the Illinois River! Two years from now they'll be in the heart of the city, and people will fairly howl for 'em. They ought to come under the head of jewelry, not real estate. If you want to buy that property, stranger, you've got to buy it by the inch." STRANGER: "I'm not buying property this morning. I'm the new tax assessor." The citizen falls in a fit.—Life.

Are we going to have a lecture course? Now is the time for some one to make a start. Here is the way the Elkhardt people take hold of such things: "Elkhardt is very proud of her annual lecture course, which is the most popular and best patronized institution of that city. The annual sale of tickets took place on Tuesday evening, and despite the fact that a cold rain fell throughout the afternoon and evening, the people began to assemble in line as early as 5 o'clock and remained until the conclusion of the sale, at 9 p. m. Tickets were sold at two places, and the line at each place was nearly a square in length. The amount realized was about \$1,900."

Literary Notes.

Rufus C. Hartranft, the Philadelphia publisher, is about to bring out a volume of the poems of Rev. Waldo Messaros, of that city. The book will be issued in a limited and elegant edition.

"Marius," the third part in Victor Hugo's "Les Misérables," has been issued by W. R. Jenkins, of New York. This unique French edition of the work is notable for its typographical excellence and substantial style.

"The Satires of Horace," edited by Professor Greenough, of Harvard College, the initial volume of the "College Series of Latin Authors," is now ready, from the press of Ginn & Co. "The Epistles" will be issued in a few months, and bound up with the "Satires" in a single convenient volume.

Charles Scribner's Sons will include among their autumnal publications, with some reference to holiday purchasers, "White Cockades," by Irenaeus Stevenson; a dramatic Highland story for young people, in which the young Pretender and the famous "Seven Men of Glenmoriston" are the actors, and old Iverness county the scene.

J. B. Lippincott Company will publish early this month Prof. Robt. Ridgway's "Manual of North American Birds," a quarto volume of 64s pages text, with 124 full-page plates, and an excellent portrait of the eminent naturalist, Prof. Spencer F. Baird, who planned the book many years since, and retained his interest in it until the time of his death a few days ago.

The Inter-State Publishing Company, of Chicago and Boston, publishes Miss Emma Marwedel's "Conscious Motherhood." The author is among the distinguished authorities on the kindergarten idea; and in the present work she devotes much space to an account of Professor Preyer's famous investigations as to the development of the soul in infants, which attracted so much attention when first promulgated.

Another national hymn is offered to the approval of the American citizen, with a musical ear and a patriotic heart—viz., "Our Country," written and composed by Harry Sanders, a musician of Baltimore. One is reminded of the old anecdote of Sir Julius Benedict, who observed to a Bostonian, his guest: "Well, I see that somebody has been writing you Americans a new national anthem! But I suppose you will still stick to Yankee Doodle, won't you?"

Mr. Hezekiah Butterworth, of the Youth's Companion, and author of "Zigzag Journeys," has prepared a volume of poems and ballads—"Songs of History"—upon the important episodes in American history. The New England Publishing Co., Boston, bring out the volume for him immediately. They have also in press Mr. Charles M. Barrow's "Acts and Anecdotes of Authors," which is said to be a fresh and amusing compilation of literary chat.

T. Y. Crowell & Co. have many new books in their catalogue for the autumn, or in their press, for speedy distribution. Their edition of Count Tolstoi's works is, of course, conspicuous on the list and, by the by, it would be well if "War and Peace," which at present is issued by two or three other city firms, were added to the set. When one has read "War and Peace" and that wonderful tragedy (a track as well as a tragedy, for that matter) "Anna Karenina" a familiarity with Tolstoi is gained which comes with no other choice of the eminent Russian's works in fiction.

President Cleveland passed through the city last Saturday about 4:30 o'clock p. m. He and Mrs. Cleveland made their appearance on the rear platform of the train and were cheered only slightly. A large crowd went down to the depot to see them. The train stopped at the junction and President Cleveland got out on the platform to take a little walk. He held a conversation for a few moments with a small boy and then took his departure for Terre Haute.

Now is the time to Subscribe.

THE ROBINSON MURDER TRIAL.

Dempsey Robinson Gets a Life Sentence for Killing Jack Bridgewater.

Monday morning the trial of Dempsey Robinson for the murder of Jack Bridgewater was begun in the Circuit Court. The State's attorney, Mr. Collier, was assisted by John Allee, who was employed by L. M. Tyler, a brother-in-law of the deceased Bridgewater. The defense was conducted by S. A. Hays.

The case attracted much attention and the court room was crowded all the time. Owing to a pressure of time court was held by Judge Coffey, Tuesday night from 6:30 to 8:30 o'clock. Something near one hundred witnesses were examined. The crime for which Robinson was tried occurred on the night of May 21st last. The couple had had some words during the day and that night met in an alley in the rear of the houses they lived in, in Keightley town, where the deed was done. Robinson shooting Bridgewater with a .38-calibre revolver.

All Monday morning was taken up in securing a jury, but one or two of the regular panel being retained. The evidence was all in yesterday by two o'clock, when the argument began, Prosecutor Collier opening for the State, S. A. Hays following for the defense, and then John Allee for the State. Each side was given but an hour and a half for argument and the speeches were finished by five. Court then adjourned till after supper when the Judge gave his charge to the jury and they retired to their room.

The jury agreed upon a verdict at an early hour this morning and at the opening of court at nine o'clock the foreman, Mr. Inge, handed Judge Coffey the sealed envelope. The Judge opened the same and read as follows: "We, the jury, find Dempsey Robinson guilty of murder in the second degree and assess his punishment at imprisonment in the State's prison the rest of his natural life."

The prosecution made a strong case against the prisoner and on the first ballot three of the jury were in favor of hanging, others were in favor of a life sentence and two in favor of a twenty one year sentence. The balloting during the night was 10 to 2 in favor of a life sentence and the majority finally prevailed. In the opinion of the public generally, it is as near a righteous judgment as was ever returned by a jury in the county.

The jury was composed of the following men: Wm. T. Inge, foreman, Russell tp., Thos. Wyatt, Madison tp., John Thompson, Cloverdale tp., Valentine Baling, Jackson tp., James H. Skelton, Madison tp., Hiram Heady, Clinton tp., Charles A. Carver, Monroe tp., Moore C. Dickerson, Jackson tp., Andrew J. Shinn, Floyd tp., John H. Jeffrey, Jackson tp., John H. Watkins, Jackson tp., and Henry Crouse, Washington tp.

NOTES.

The jury were out all night.

Four of the jurors were from Jackson tp.

Robinson's aged mother from Illinois was in attendance.

The moral of the trial is a splendid argument against saloons.

Robinson showed no more feeling when the verdict was read than he exhibited all during the trial.

L. M. Tyler and Jack Stevens were close attendants at the trial. Tyler is a brother in law of the deceased Bridgewater.

Mrs. Mills, half sister of Robinson Robinson's mother and John Robinson's wife were interested witnesses for the defense.

It was the intention to close court with the Robinson trial but the trial of Ol. Cummins will occupy the attention of the court to day after the present term will close. Cummins was indicted at the present session of the grand jury, being charged with assault and battery with intent to commit murder.

Later: the Cummins case was continued till the next term.

The Times will take some dry, eighteen-inch, ready split stove-wood on subscription. tf

The First Water.

The water works engines were fired up on Tuesday and the machinery put in operation for the first time. Everything moved smoothly and in a short time water was coursing its way up the hill to the city. The gates were closed on all the side pipes and the main line to the stand pipe filled first. In the evening hydrants were opened for a few moments on the square and an interested crowd watched the streets flooded with the first water that flowed from the Greencastle water works.

LAST WEEK.

Wind up of the Present Term of Putnam Circuit Court.

The following cases have been finally disposed of since our last report:

David E. Reed vs. James H. Hall For work and labor. Trial by court, and finding and judgment in favor of Plff., for \$100 and costs.

Louis Kussner vs. John A. Crose—On endorsement of notes. Dismissed by Plff. at his costs.

Louis Hollweg and Charles E. Reese vs. George W. Ritter. Dismissed by Plffs. and costs paid.

Joseph Kleinbub, as Admr. of Christopher Weber, dec'd, vs. Edward Hanemann et al.—To set aside assignment of mortgage, &c. Judgment on verdict that Plff. take nothing, &c. and that Defts. receive of Plff. their costs, to be collected of assets.

Robt. W. Allen and Robt. L. O'Hair vs. L. N. A. & C. Ry. Co.—Appeal from J. P. John R. Wilson vs. Same—Damages—William Call vs. Same—Damages. On motion and affidavit of Deft. in each of said causes, change of venue ordered to Clay Circuit Court, on statutory terms.

Edmond W. Lewis vs. Jennie M. Allen et al.—To quiet title. Judgment and decree, on default and answers and proof, quieting title of Plff., &c., at his costs.

Upton Manufacturing Co vs. John W. Hollingsworth—On notes and mortgages. Judgment in favor of Plff., on default and proof, for \$1,380.75, and foreclosure, &c.

Elizabeth Broadwee vs. Samuel Hastings—Suit to have pretended marriage declared void. Upon default and proof, judgment and decree, declaring said pretended marriage absolutely void and of no legal effect, &c., at Deft's costs.

William Steinmetz vs. Cora Steinmetz—Divorce. Decree of divorce for cause of adultery and abandonment by Deft., at Plff's costs, and order that he shall not marry for two years.

Mary E. Wright vs. John H. Wright—Divorce. Same, on account of abandonment, at Deft's costs.

William Hovermale vs. Sarah Hovermale—Divorce. Same, at Plff's costs.

Henry A. Gieske vs. Catherine Gieske—Divorce. Dismissed by Plff. at his costs.

Charles E. Hendricks vs. Allie A. Hendricks—Divorce. Divorce decreed to Plff. on account of cruel treatment by Deft., at his costs.

Emma Cooper vs. Charley Cooper—Divorce. Trial by court and finding and judgment for Defendant.

Wm. B. Milner vs. Joseph C. Baker and James A. Jackson, City Treas. etc.—Injunction. Judgment for Plff. for want of answer, injunction, &c.

The October Wide Awake will delight the boys who love a humorous story about one of themselves, for in it Maurice Thompson tells an irresistible story about one of his own boyish escapades, entitled "My First Voyage." They will also enjoy "A Catskill Bear Story," by Henry Tyrrell. There are three delightful out of door articles: E. S. Brooks' "Football," Grant Allen's "Pitcher-Plant" and Amanda B. Harris' "Indian Corn Talk"; these have fine illustrations, by Hassam, Barnes, and Lungren.

Low Rate to St. Louis Exposition. On each Thursday and Monday, commencing September 8th and closing Oct. 20th, the I. and St. L. will sell tickets to St. Louis at \$8.60 for the round trip. Good to return 5 days from date of sales.

A. H. NILES, Agt.

TRAMPS!

Late Rackets Resorted to by These Pests of Modern Society.

Two ingenious tramps have been going the rounds lately. One of them on reaching a gate suddenly becomes lame. He can scarcely drag his crippled body to the door. So hungry. Can't work because he was terribly broken up in a late railroad accident while trying to save a train. He would be glad to get a pair of shoes, or a coat, or even a shirt if the kind lady has one to spare. After getting all he can he hobbles out with groans and grimaces until he reaches his "pard" in the street. Then he tosses his bundle up, turns a hand-spring, puts his thumb on his nose towards the house, and the two sit down to examine the haul. After eating all they want, and appropriating what clothing they can, the "pard" hurries with the balance down to the "gang," who are camped by the railroad, and gets back by the time the poor cripple has "worked" another house.

The other tramp has a different racket. You hear the front-door bell ring. You suppose it is some caller. You hurriedly slick up a little, take your apron off and throw it behind the door, pick up a lot of scattered things all in a flutter and then serenely open the door. It is a sad sight. A poor fellow who cannot open his eyes—had both of them blown out in a mine explosion in Pennsylvania—wants a little bite to eat. Anything, he is so hungry. Loves to work just dearly, but is too old to learn to do the work that blind people usually do. Accident happened only last year. It touches your heart. You give him all the spare vittals in the house. He thanks you but is suddenly taken with a terrible pain in the head; has them almost constantly. If he could only get enough money to pay his railroad fare to some city hospital. You give him all your loose change, sorry you haven't more—while he again thanks you and asks God's blessing upon you and yours. You are richly repaid, but as you close the door you wonder how he ever managed to find that little button to push the door bell! Strange you didn't think of that before. You watch him from the window. He walks straight around the path to the gate. Unfastens it readily, and turns down the street, with a knowing wink at his "pard," who is waiting at the corner. They shake each other upon their good looks, go to the nearest saloon, pay for a couple of drinks and lose the balance of your money at cards with the bar-keeper. Now the poor fellow thinks that it is about time for his "pard" to go blind, so the other fellow works the same game on a neighbor of yours with about the same results.

Died.

FOSTER—In Reelsville, Sept. 25, 1887, George M. Foster, aged 50 years, 2 months.

LAYMAN—In Warren tp., Sept 25, infant daughter of Albert Jr., and Nancy Layman, aged 7 months.

Gose—In Washington tp., Sept. 27, 1887, Mrs. M. J. Gose, wife of John Gose, aged 28 years and 7 days.

CARRINGTON—In Warren township, Sept. 30, daughter of William and Elizabeth Carrington, aged 5 years, 6 months and 24 days.

SMITH—In Floyd township, Oct. 3, 1887, Joseph C. Smith, aged 36 years.

Out For The Winter.

The cold wave flag made its initial appearance of the season on Tuesday forenoon, when it was run up in compliance with advices from Washington to the effect that the temperature would fall fifteen to twenty degrees. The old rag flaps about as if it anticipated many a good airing between now and next bird's nesting.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs splints, sweeney, ringbone, stifles, aprains, swellings, coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by Albert Allen, druggist, Greencastle. 13 ly.

GULLIBILITY.

The wild phantoms and shrieking cries of a worthless humbug can make money by imposing upon the credulity and ignorance of an honest public, and the supply of this species of work seems more than an adequate demand. The enunciation of facts—facts that have stood crucial tests—facts proven by brain force and tangible evidence, should satisfy all landable enterprises; but the execrable practice of teaching false ideas and doctrines for self-aggrandizement is truly reprehensible and should be scorned by all classes.

When one house tells you that iodine of Potash is a poison simply because their opponents use it, and because they are pandering to your ignorance, as they suppose, you should look upon all such as artful frauds and their remedies as unworthy of public confidence. If those who make such assertions do not know better, they are a set of unenviable ignoramuses.

Doctors and Hot Springs.

Hot Springs failed entirely to cure me of several terrible, iddient running ulcers on my legs with which I have been troubled for many years. Several doctors also attempted to cure me but failed. I have used only a few bottles of B.B.B. (made at Atlanta, Ga.) and the effect has been truly magical, as they have all healed and I am cured. It is worth all medicines made for purifying the blood. This wonderfully quick cure has been effected by the use of B.B.B. if you have your medicine is a dairy, and has done the business for me. I have lived here twenty-five years. My general health is also improving, appetite and digestion good. I sleep soundly, and never felt better. Doctors told me that I could not be cured, but B.B.B. has cured me.

It is decidedly the quickest, best and cheapest blood purifier I ever used. It is ahead of all others. As to my case and its cure I refer to every merchant or professional man of fine blood.

A. H. MONTGOMERY, Cotton Buyer,
Pine Bluff, Ark., May 12th, 1886.

Cancerous Ulcers Cured.

I have been taking Botanic Blood Balm (B.B.B.) and am about well of an ulcer I had upon my nose for six years, said by all to be a cancer. I refer to Postmaster Benfro, of Atlanta.

G. T. KELLAM,
Wrightsville, Ga., May 3, 1886.

All who desire full information about the cause and cure of Blood Poisons, Scrofula and Scrofulous Swellings, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, Catarrh, etc., can secure by mail, free, a copy of our 32 page illustrated Book of Wonders, filled with the most wonderful and startling proof ever before known.

Address, BLOOD BALM CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.
For Sale by all Druggists in Greencastle.

LADIES! Do your own dyeing, at home, with Peerless Dyes.

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package—40 colors. They have no equal for strength, brightness, amount in package, or for fastness of color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by Allen's Drug store, Albert Allen, prop., Greencastle, Ind. 18-lyr.

NO BOYCOTT PERMITTED!

If you cannot buy of your newsdealer the one, Great Sporting and Sensational paper of the world, the

"Police Gazette,"

Remember you can have it mailed postage paid to your address for 13 weeks by sending \$1.00 to Publisher, Franklin Square, New York.

N. B.—The Postmaster of Somerville, Mass. was discharged for refusing to mail this legitimate publication. 18-ly

DON'T GIVE YOUR CHILDREN

Frey's Vermifuge

Unless you want them to get rid of their WORMS.

READ—"My neighbor's child was given up, and the family had concluded it would be useless to make any further efforts to save it, but on being persuaded they had administered Frey's Vermifuge, and over 100 worms were expelled. The child immediately recovered."

It has Stood the Test of Fifty Years.
Manufactured by E. & S. FREY,
Baltimore, Md.
Beware of Imitations.

MONEY

to be made. Cut this out and return to us, and we will send you, free, something of great value and importance to you, which will start you in business which will bring you in more money right away than anything else in this world. Anyone can do the work and live at home. Either sex, all ages. Something new that just coins money for all workers. We will start you capital not needed. This is one of the genuine important chances of a lifetime. Those who are ambitious and enterprising should send without delay. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 3-lyr

ED. ACKERMAN

THE

Boot and Shoe

Maker,

Cor. Indiana and Walnut Streets.

For a neat Boot or shoe you should not fail to call on him, having increased his facilities he proposes to be

Ready For All.

FOUTZ'S

MILK AND CATTLE POWDERS

FOUTZ'S

FOUTZ'S

FOUTZ'S

FOUTZ'S

FOUTZ'S

FOUTZ'S

FOUTZ'S

FOUTZ'S

FOUTZ'S

FOUTZ'S

FOUTZ'S

STABLES OF NOTED MEN.

THE HORSES AND TURNOUTS OF THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Senator Stanford's \$25,000 Barn—His Horse Farm at Palo Alto and His Rules of Horse Training—Representative Scott's Horse Farm.

(Special Correspondence.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—I walked past the largest private stables in Washington today. They are those of Senator Stanford, of California. The ground allotted to them is sixty feet front by more than 100 feet deep, and the stables will accommodate about a dozen horses and a cow. They are now nearly completed, and they look more like a chapel than stables. The building is of two stories. It is made of select brick, and the ground upon which it stands is worth at least \$1 a square foot. It has already cost, all told, \$25,000, and will foot up \$1,000 more before it is completed. Senator Stanford told me before he left for California that in building these stables he aimed at the comfort of his horses rather than extravagance, and that the reports sent out about their gorgeousness were without foundation.

I went into them myself today. They are entered by double doors, and the covered court where the hitching up is to be done is so big that a four horse omnibus could turn around in it without touching the walls. Its floor is of concrete, in small blocks, and its ceiling, girded by iron rafters, is made of Georgia pine, beautifully oiled and varnished. It is well lighted, and at one corner there is a great elevator, as big as the floor of a fair sized bedroom, which is used for raising and lowering the carriages to the second story. Directly in front of this court stands the door leading on into the stables proper. These are separated from the hitching court by two rooms, one of which is a wash room for harness. This has a stationary wash tub, with hot and cold water, and it has all the conveniences for the hanging up of harness to dry. Upon the opposite side there is a harness room, or what might better be called a harness wardrobe. It is as large as a hall bed room, is lined with glass cases made of some white wood, and along the backs of each case are a number of iron saddles made for the hanging up of harness. Below are drawers in which the robes may be kept, and there are a number of poles stretched across the top for the hanging of saddles and harness.

The accommodations for the horses are perfect. The stables are arranged so that not a draught of air can strike a heated horse, and so that the light comes from above and cannot shine in their eyes, and the walls of the stables, which are double, are as warm as modern architecture can make them. There are three large box stalls, the lower part of each of which is made of white wood, with an iron railing running around the top. The drainage and sewerage of this barn is as perfect as that of a sanitary resort, and the floor of each of these box stalls slopes slightly from the edges of the square to the center. One of the stalls is more elegantly finished than the others, and this is intended for sick horses. Each stall has a feed trough of iron at the corner, and the halter strap is so arranged with a weight and a pulley that it cannot possibly become entangled in the horse's legs.

The feeding arrangements are up stairs, and the feed is dropped down through chutes by means of slides, so that any given amount can be accurately measured. There is a little cow stall at the back for one of the Jerseys, and there are four or five other stalls in addition to the box ones. Each stall has a place for an iron label over it, on which is to be painted the name of the horse occupying it. The second floor of these stables is reached by a winding staircase, and here are sitting rooms fitted up with a corner fireplace and a hard wood mantle. This room is the reception room of the stables, and it will be well lighted and comfortably furnished. There are also the bed rooms of the coachman and footman, and Stanford will have telephonic communication with these stables. It will be here that the servants who have charge of the horses will live. The court room on the second floor is only reached, as far as vehicles are concerned, by the elevator. It is roughly finished, and the rafters look down upon the hard wood floor and the half dozen carriages resting upon it.

Telephone Bell has a stable which is built upon ground worth at least \$2 a square foot, and his pressed brick barn would make a good enough house for a congressman to live in. Don Cameron is a great horse lover, and he keeps a number of fine riding and driving horses here at Washington. He and Gen. Sheridan often ride out in the country together.

Secretary Endicott bought Senator Pendleton's team when he rented his house of him. I never saw Attorney General Garland driving, and Lamar rode on horseback during the first days of administration.

The Russian diplomats drive good horses, and I see one Russian going about the city in a rig which looks as though it might have stepped out of a painting of a Siberian scene. It has a single horse of immense size driven by a Russian who will weigh at least 200 pounds. The horse has a great bow over his back and the carriage is large enough for only one person, and the driver sits in front of the occupant.

Several of Gen. Grant's horses are in the possession of Gen. Beale, who is one of the most noted horsemen of Washington. He has a stock farm near here, and he and Grant used to drive out to it whenever the general visited the city.

A great many of the senators drive good horses. Warner Miller had a couple of Hambletonians who could trot in three minutes, and Senator Spooner drives a pair of bays who want to pass everything on the road. The horses of Senators Allison and Sherman make no pretensions as to speed. They are good looking, moderate going trotters, and Senator Everts drives a couple of very good horses of Kentucky stock.

Some of the public men here rent their horses and livery to match. You can get a horse and coupe, with driver, to serve you during the season at \$150 a month, and the carriage will be subject to your call. It is said that some of the fine turnouts of the legislators are hired at the rate of \$175 a month for an equiptage which passes as his own.

Secretary Whitney is the finest judge of horseflesh in the cabinet. He drives a pair of clean limbed bay roans, with short tails. He has a number of saddle horses and a big bay buggy horse, which is said to be able to trot in 2:30. Secretary Fairchild has a big riding horse, and he rides at a good rate over the country roads near Washington. Secretary

Bayard drives a large coach before which there is a comfortable looking pair of

Lordard for \$6,000, another to Miller & Sibbey for \$12,000 and a third to Stockbridge, the new owner from Michigan, for \$10,000. The horse which Stockbridge bought was a young 3-year-old stallion named Sphinx. Senator Stanford did not know that Stockbridge was to be the purchaser, and it was bought through a third party. One of Stanford's horses, named Midnight, he would not sell for \$50,000, and he has been offered \$15,000 for it and would not take it. The horse has no record, and this offer is considered very remarkable. He has lost something by accidents to his horses, and Fred Crocker was estimated to be worth \$20,000, and was winning all the races in California, when he sprained his hip and became practically worthless.

Next to Stanford, Representative Scott, of Erie, Pa., is perhaps the most noted horse owner in congress. He has a stock farm at Cape Charles in which there are twenty-seven boxes for horses and a walking ring an eighth of a mile long under cover, where the horses can walk and trot when the weather is bad. Scott's regular track is a mile long and forty-five feet wide, with the turn raised about two feet. Here Scott is breeding some very fine colts, and he had this spring twenty-one horses in training. Among these are some of the most noted horses of the country.

Scott drives a team here at Washington which is valued at \$2,500, and it is said that his coachman is paid \$100 a month and found.



THE PRESIDENT'S STABLES.

The President's stables are back of the White House, and his seal browns, which have been so much spoken of in the newspapers, are a very decent pair of easy going horses. The coachman is the most stylish thing about the turnout, and the President's favorite carriage is a Victoria. The coachman is Albert Hawkins, a tall, stiff, colored man, whose skin is as black as the luggy he drives, and whose back is as stiff as a carriage tongue. He dresses in a livery of a soft drab, such as you see in buckskin gloves, and this is ornamented with big silver buttons. As he holds his whip in his right hand and drives Mrs. Cleveland and the President through the streets of Washington, he forms one of the distinguished-looking figures of the capital. The President's harness is made of black rubber and trimmed with silver, and its only ornament is a simple "G. C." in monogram on the rosette of the bridle. His two turnouts, the Victoria and the landau, have cost altogether less than \$2,000, and I think he paid only \$1,000 for the seal browns.

The White House stables are by no means wonderful either in structure or in contents. The building is a brick, of one story, and an attic made in the form of the head of a "C." Two wings run at right angles with the main building, one at each end, and the space between these makes a sort of courtyard, in which the hitching up and unhitching is done. In these wings are kept the carriages, and many a man in any city of the United States has just as good turnouts as those of the President. The front part of the stable on either side of the middle hall is allotted to the horses, and the stalls are divided by fancy iron lattice work painted in red and brown. There is a notice over the entrance stating that strangers are not admitted, but the daintiest lady could walk through these stables without soiling her clothes, and everything is kept in apple pie order.

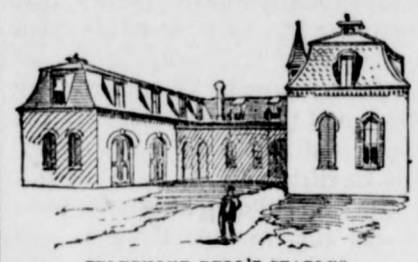
Telephone Bell has a stable which is built upon ground worth at least \$2 a square foot, and his pressed brick barn would make a good enough house for a congressman to live in. Don Cameron is a great horse lover, and he keeps a number of fine riding and driving horses here at Washington. He and Gen. Sheridan often ride out in the country together.

Secretary Endicott bought Senator Pendleton's team when he rented his house of him. I never saw Attorney General Garland driving, and Lamar rode on horseback during the first days of administration.

The Russian diplomats drive good horses, and I see one Russian going about the city in a rig which looks as though it might have stepped out of a painting of a Siberian scene. It has a single horse of immense size driven by a Russian who will weigh at least 200 pounds. The horse has a great bow over his back and the carriage is large enough for only one person, and the driver sits in front of the occupant.

Several of Gen. Grant's horses are in the possession of Gen. Beale, who is one of the most noted horsemen of Washington. He has a stock farm near here, and he and Grant used to drive out to it whenever the general visited the city.

tary Bayard drives a large coach before which there is a comfortable looking pair of



Telephone Bell's stables. The Secretary has also a fine saddle horse, though he has not used this at paper chasing. John R. McLean drives two horses which cost him \$1,000 apiece, and his coachman is a colored man in a very stylish livery. Bancroft has a Kentucky saddle horse, and in addition to this a pair of black horses for his carriage.

Take the horses of Washington and they are on the average as good as those of any city of the United States. The best product of all parts of the country comes here, and good horses can be gotten as cheaply at the capital as in any market of the country.

THOMAS J. TODD.

George M. Foster, of this place died Sept. 26th at 9 p. m., aged 50 years, 1 month and 29 days. He was born in Zanesville, Ohio, July 26th, 1837. At the age of 16 with a widowed mother he removed to Iowa where he remained until his twenty second year, when he came here and engaged in business as a merchant. For 28 years he has been a commanding figure in the affairs of this community. Beginning life poor, he has by industry, economy and business enterprise, achieved a fair competence and leaves his family in fair circumstances. He was for many years a leader in the councils of the Democratic party of Putnam county, once making the race for county treasurer. For over ten years he had been a faithful member of the Christian church, which now loses its ablest supporter in this place.

In 1860 he was married to Miss Catherine Barnett who survives her. He also leaves two sons, William aged 26 and Montgomery aged 19. His domestic life was always of the happiest, as all testify who knew of it. Whether in business or private life there was always that pleasantness in his smiles, that cordiality in his greeting, that sterling honesty of purpose, that will long be remembered. He leaves a noble example for us all. A faithful friend, a kind brother, a loving father and a devoted husband is no more. He had his life insured in the Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford for four thousand dollars.

The bereaved brother, sons and wife have the sympathy of this entire community. S. A. H. Reelsville, Ind., Sept. 28, '87.

To the Memory of Mrs. Elizabeth Haney.

Mrs. Elizabeth Haney departed this life at her home in Putnamville, September 20th, 1887. Her illness was very brief and full of pain; but the summons did not find her unprepared. She came from Pennsylvania to Putnamville about 20 years ago and soon afterward united with the Presbyterian church there, remaining a worthy and faithful member till the end of her life. She is spoken of by those who knew her best, as a woman of good qualities of mind and heart, kind, neighborly and especially attentive to the sick.

She was born in Centerville, Bedford county, Pennsylvania, Oct. 9th, 1817, and was, therefore, nearly 70 years of age.

Mrs. Haney was twice married; her first husband's name being Deffenbaugh. To them were born five children, three daughters and two sons. One of the sons, Henry, was a soldier of the Union and died in his country's service at Harper's Ferry in 1862. Mrs. Haney leaves two daughters, several grandchildren and great grandchildren to mourn her loss, as one whom they all delighted to honor.

Farewell to thee, dear mother! Thy sorrowing life is o'er; Thy work is done, and other Friends shall meet thee, Angels, too, shall greet thee On the bright, immortal shore.

The funeral services were attended by a goodly concourse of the people of Putnamville and were conducted by the pastor of the Presbyterian church of Greencastle, Thursday Sept. 22, 1887.

LIVE AGENTS WANTED!

To sell Dr. Chase's Receipts; or Information for Everybody, in every county in the United States and Canada, enlarged by the publisher to 618 pages. It contains over 2,000 household recipes and is suited to all classes and conditions of society. A wonderful book and a household necessity. It sells at sight. Greatest inducements ever offered to book agents. Sample copies sent by mail. Postpaid, for \$2.00. Exclusive territory given. Agents more than double their money. Address Dr. Chase's Steam Printing House, Ann Arbor, Michigan. 45-3mo.

SPORTING EVENTS.

BALL PLAYERS PROPOSE TO STICK BY THE BROTHERHOOD.

A Short History of W. Byrd Page, the Jumper—Sketch and Picture of Boston's New Baseball Stand—The Series Between St. Louis and Detroit.

(Special Correspondence.)

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—Great surprise has been manifested at the action of the National League in refusing to recognize the league Brotherhood, and it looks as if there was going to be war. There are two sides to this question, of course, and the league has its side as well as the brotherhood. As a matter of fact, it takes an iron hand to run a lot of baseball players. Everybody knows that, and the league management probably believes that it would be disastrous for the players to have too much to say. But the players, on the other hand don't



W. H. HOLBERT.

propose to be made slaves of—at least, that is the way they look at the matter. There is one thing about it, however, and that cannot be gainsaid, the brotherhood has the players, and it looks as if they could do about as they pleased. All this talk about the brotherhood forming a league of their own, however, is nothing but wind. They won't do it, because it is not necessary. As the matter stands now, the league refuses to recognize the brotherhood, and President Ward has announced officially that the league will have to come to terms, or else its members will not sign in 1888. The matter will no doubt be adjusted when the proper time comes. The Association brotherhood is looming up, and there is talk of a combination with the league. I should not wonder if it was effected, and I certainly think it would be a good thing for all concerned. I give portraits of President Ward, of the League Brotherhood, and President Holbert, of the Association brotherhood.

The Boston managers have got their heads together at last, and as a result Boston is going to have one of the finest baseball stands in the country—Philadelphia not excepted.

The form of the structure will be semi-circular, and it is to be built after the modern Romanesque style. The stand will have a seating capacity of 3,510, and the estimated cost of the structure is between \$50,000 and \$75,000. Workmen have already begun tearing down the grand stand, and work on the new structure will be pushed as rapidly as possible, and it will be ready in good time for the season of 1888.



BOSTON'S NEW STAND—EXTERIOR.

The fifteen games between the St. Louis and Detroit clubs for the world's championship will wind up the season. The Detroit players are to be paid \$400 each for this series, and if they win the championship each player will get \$100 extra. Their contract expires Oct. 15. The St. Louis Browns' contract does not expire until November, so that President Von der Ahe will not have to make any agreement with his players. The first game will be played in Detroit on Oct. 10, after which the clubs will go east, playing in Boston, Brooklyn, Staten Island, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Each club will take twelve players along, and they will travel in a special car.

The winners will get 75 per cent. of the gate receipts, and the losers 25 per cent. W. Byrd Page, who recently broke the American record for high jumping at the Manhattan club grounds in New York, is 21 years old and belongs to an aristocratic Philadelphia family. He is the son of the chief assayer of the United States mint, and is said to be a brilliant scholar. He is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania.

During his boyhood he was a cripple, and until a few years ago he was obliged to wear a ball and chain. The use of this apparatus abnormally develops certain muscles, and it is said that his extraordinary jumping feats are due to this fact.

He came into prominence three years ago, when he made a record of 5 feet 6 inches on the grounds of the Manhattan Athletic club. Mr. Page was for some time a member of the athletic club of the University of Pennsylvania, and when he transferred himself to the Manhattan club of New York his course was criticized very much by his former associates, who accused the Manhattan club of underhanded methods in securing the great jumper. That Mr. Page was right in making the change has been proven by the backing that he has received from the Manhattan.

When, at the Brooklyn athletic games, Mr. Page broke the American record with a jump of 6 feet 2 inches, his club decided to send him to England. He was unfortunate enough to sprain his ankle previous to his departure, and when he arrived in England he was obliged to undergo a course of treatment.

The first time he did any practicing at the bar in England was at the Grassmere sports, when he appeared on the turf with his ankle still in bandage. The jumpers who were pitted against him thought they would have a very easy task, and it was a matter of much surprise when the lame American champion jumped 6 feet 1 inch and tied his best man. A few days later, at the London Athletic

club games, Page won the contest by a jump of 6 feet and 2 inches.

Then he crossed over to Ireland, tied the great Irish jumper, Kelly, at 6 feet 1 1/4 inches, and claimed the championship of Ireland, as Kelly would not jump off. Then he broke the previous best records of P. Davin, at Carrick-on-Suir, Ireland, who jumped 6 feet 2 3/4 inches on July 5, 1880, by clearing 6 feet 3 3/4 inches at a bound. When Page returned from England he raised the American high jumping jump record fully half an inch, and only failed to smash his own tremendous performance of 6 feet 3 3/4 inches by the merest accident. He made three trials, and twice cleared the bar fairly, but in coming down dislodged it with his hand or elbow.

T. M.

Ah There! Half Fare.

Cheap excursions to Florida and the South. Choice of Pulman Car Route. Sept. 19th and 20th and on Oct. 10th and 11th the Monon route (L. N. A. & C. Ry.) will sell round trip tickets from Chicago, and local stations at rate of one limited fare for Bowling Green, Ky., McKenzie, Tenn., Columbia, Tenn., Decatur, Ala., and Chipley, Fla. The return portion of tickets may be used within 30 days of stamp date. Stopovers will be allowed on going portion at different points south of Cincinnati, or Louisville. Sept. 19th and 20th round trip tickets will also be sold at rate of one fare for the round trip to Atlanta, Ga., occasion of the Fire Engineers Convention. The route will be via Chattanooga, Mission Ridge, and the Old Battle Fields. For full information call on any agent Monon Route, or E. O. McCormick, Gen'l Pass. Agt. Monon Route, Chicago.

Make Better Horses.

Fashion has brought about many changes in horse breeding among American farmers, and no race has set the new style more forcibly or to larger purpose than the American trotting horse. The American trotter is a horse capable of every service; there is, in almost literal truth, no limit to the speed in which he can trot one mile, and his capacity of endurance, whereof such contests are most exacting proof, is accepted as a fact in the minds of all observant men, while his patient temper, and good size, combined with the extraordinary muscularity with which true systems of breeding have endowed him, render him an exceedingly valuable animal for any work of labor and routine.

The farmer who is looking forward to improvement in his stock, must be careful in making selection of his breeding animals, and herein, it is of the utmost importance that the sire chosen be an available, valuable, and in every respect, a choice animal, possessing individually and ancestrally the best qualities which the offspring is desired to possess.—American Agriculturist for October.

Last Chance to go West at Low Rates.

On October 10th the Bee Line will run another one of their popular harvest excursions to the West, which will be the last one this season. Tickets will be sold at one fare for the round trip to principal points in Missouri, Arkansas, Texas, Kansas and Nebraska, also to certain sections of the South. Call on Bee Line agents for particulars. It

Arrangement of Bay Windows for Plants.

As a general thing bay windows are not arranged in such a manner as to accommodate plants very conveniently. We usually find them fitted out with circular stands or tables. On these a few plants only can be kept, and the appearance from the room is never as good as it might be, and a bay window ought always to be arranged with reference to its appearance from within rather than without. Run two shelves around the window; on these plants can be arranged very neatly, using the lower growers on the low shelf, where they will hide the pots of those on the shelf above. A much better effect can be obtained in arranging plants in this way, than is possible when they are all on a level. In the center of the window a stand may be placed to hold the largest plant, where it will appear to the best advantage. Pots of ivy may be placed in the corners, and the vines trained up the casings, and around the ceiling. The floor should be covered with oil cloth, or well painted, and the shelves and all the woodwork ought also to be given several coats of paint, that they may not be affected by the moisture which frequent syringing will leave behind. It is a good plan to have holes through the floor to allow surplus water to run off. It is best to have these shelves made like stairs, or, in other words, closed, so that there is no opening from the front. This will make the recess easier to keep clean, as there will be no sweeping under the shelves to do. Bay windows, in which plants are kept, should always be shut off from the room by glazed doors. In this way the moisture can be regulated to a nicety, all dust arising from sweeping kept out, and the plant will be much healthier than when grown in a window without doors.—American Agriculturist for October.

We have the Only Machine
IN THIS PLACE.

BUY YOUR RUB-
BERS OF US
and have
Plates
put on
them.



Crescent Heel Plate Machine.
Plates on Rubbers double their wear.

—In order to bring the "Crescent" Heel Plates directly before the public, J. W. SCOTT & Son have secured a machine for attaching the plates to all descriptions of rubbers and overshoes. An illustration of the machine is given above. It has been fully proven during the past few years that the "Crescent" heel plate is an excellent protection for the heels of rubbers. It does not as many suppose make a person slip, as the heel is not entirely covered with metal. We would advise every person who has never tried these plates to do so and you will find that your rubbers will last you twice as long. Bear in mind that this firm has the only machine in the city. Remember the place, J. W. SCOTT & SON, West Side Square.

THE TIMES.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
A. A. SMITH.

Stevenson's Block, 2nd Floor, East Side.

THURSDAY, : : OCTOBER 6, : 1887.

SHARPE is safe in Sing Sing.

GREENCASTLE was properly recognized. The presidential train passed through very slowly.

The cholera that sailed into New York harbor last week has been successfully confined to the pest island in the lower bay.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, is hot under the collar because Cleveland would not get up at 4 o'clock in the morning and shake hands.

Mrs. PRESIDENT CLEVELAND seems by long odds the most important portion of the Washington specialty company now on the road.

It is a significant fact that there have been more excursions and cheap railroad rates in the one year of the reign of new law than ever before. What has become of that commission anyhow?

The Indianapolis city election occurs on the 11th inst., next Tuesday. The issues involved are not municipal merely, but are of interest to the State at large, and good government everywhere.

NOVEMBER 11 is the day fixed for the execution of the anarchists. The penitentiary sentence of Neebe, the lesser conspirator, has been put in execution and that worthy is now sojourning at Joliet.

There is some satisfaction in a dead certainty anyhow. It saves time and anxiety you know. When you want to see how the Indianapolis base ball club stands in the National league schedule always look at the bottom line. This rule never fails.

ACCORDING to the late report of the Commissioner of pensions there are 319 pensioners in Putnam county, who received, for the year ending June 30, 1887, \$10,301.25. The total number of pensioners in Indiana is 29,691, and they draw \$980,400.24 a year.

The New York Sun of the 3rd inst., publishes a column editorial charging President Cleveland with cribbing his Indianapolis and Terre Haute speeches almost bodily from the American cyclopedia, and proving the charge by quoting the plagiarized paragraphs. The one thing certain is that the speeches were stale and unprofitable enough from whatever source they came.

There is much anxiety to know how the eudite editor of Harper's Weekly will be able to reconcile the chump Indiana speeches with his heretofore good opinion of Cleveland's masterful ability. This great oracle has labored faithfully and with zeal to smooth out the wrinkles

in Grover's public acts, swallowing many a camel and straining at all the gnats that chanced to be flying about on the other side of the fence, but with his reputed literary learning, culture and taste this last break of his Acceidency, it is feared, will upset his inner anatomy.

Our constitution is a great bulwark, and our laws are great institutions greatly to be feared. There is room for apprehension, however, as to their permanency and stability when one regards with careful thought the leniency and apparent timidity with which great crimes and criminals are handled. It would seem that the greater the crime against their majesty the less vigorous and determined is the prosecution, and although, as a rule, justice triumphs in the end, it comes along tardily and without the air of swift and speedy vengeance which invests legal punishment with its greatest terror. No better instances in proof of this very patent fact may be cited than the two great capital crimes of recent years—the murder of President Garfield, and Anarchist case of Chicago. Had Guiteau been guilty of burning a barn, or had the Chicago crowd of murderers been charged with stealing hogs, a brief trial would have been hurried over and the just sentence of imprisonment put into execution without delay. But when, instead, the crime transcends in enormity anything in the annals of the law, and the certainty of guilt is unquestionably fixed, the country must be treated to twelve months of sickening sentimentalism and dangerous delay before the axe of the executioner falls and Justice gets its due. Guiteau shot the President, was seen by many persons to do it, did not deny the crime, and yet it took a year to get a verdict and sentence in accordance with these facts. The Anarchists fired their mine in the Haymarket one year ago last May and there is yet uncertainty as to their fate. While offences of such magnitude, so well contested in the courts, may bring out nice and before undiscovered points of technical practice, and require time in their exact and decisive adjustment, there is an air of uncertainty and inactivity about the delays that tends to detract from the wholesome fear the lawless have for the law. It encourages the belief that justice may be defeated, and prompts criminals to new and fresher efforts to escape the penalty of their crimes. There is nothing more repugnant to our civilization than the horrors of lynch law, but there is one quality in its wild terror that with good effect might be transplanted to the lawful course of meting punishment for high crime, and that is its sure and speedy execution. Let our courts awake to the fact that there is a crying need of more promptness, certainty and speed, and less dallying with crime in high places.

Mrs. J. W. Mackay is to have one of the most beautiful mantles in the world. It will be unique and a monument of the destruction of life. It is to be made of the breasts of birds of paradise. The breast is about four inches broad and about six inches long at the greatest length, and nearly heart-shaped, upper portion is about an inch and a half deep, and is like the finest plush, in color a deep seal brown; the color shades off below to a pinky terre cotta. About five hundred birds will be necessary to furnish enough for the cloak, and two skillful workmen are now in New Guinea engaged in this wholesale slaughter.—[Item]

It may be an ungracious thing to say, but we thank heaven that all women are not like Mrs. Mackay. When she wears that robe for which she has caused the murder of five hundred beautiful birds, and squandered enough money to educate a hundred Christian girls who would make the world better because they had lived, the swell that she will try to cut will look like a wart beside the nobleness of some poverty stricken woman struggling in the fear of God to make heroes and heroines of the little ones who are left dependent upon her. It's a pity that the tables do not turn sometimes and cause the slaughter of five hundred such vain social tyrants to gratify the tastes of a bird of paradise. It would be a good thing for society in general. Mrs. Mackay represents an extreme of female selfishness from which good Lord deliver us.

PROHIBITION was defeated in Tennessee last Thursday, the official majority against the amendment being somewhere between 12,000 and 15,000. The eastern part of the State went heavily in favor of the amendment but the back country was too much for it. The "drys"

carried Knoxville by a handsome majority but all the other big towns voted "wet." Reports from all quarters state that the women took an active part in the election, visiting all the polling places and serving coffee and lunch to the voters and workers. The vote in the State was very full, being heavier than at the late gubernatorial contest.

The Scotch yacht Thistle that came over to take home that much coveted cup, was badly beaten by the American yacht Volunteer in the first two of the three heats, and the trophy is still held in this country. The English with all their boasted skill in ship building have never been able to construct anything to beat the American boats.

The Press and the President. "Pickaway," in his special report to the Cincinnati Enquirer of the reception in Indianapolis says: It is evident that the press gang are to follow the presidential party like painted and untutored savages of civilization, to kill, scalp and toma hawk the wounded. This is the first time since the war that a President or a presidential candidate ever traveled on an exclusive train from which even the representatives of the press were excluded. In 1872 Horace Greeley, as an editor and a candidate, set an example that has always been followed since on similar occasions, of providing special accommodations for the press. A car devoted to their exclusive use was attached to the train which bore Greeley on his celebrated journey. In the campaign of 1884 both Blaine and Logan took most excellent care of the press gang. Of course the exclusive arrangements of a Democratic President provoke comparisons that are unfavorable and comments that are not pleasant to hear.

Donnelly—Bacon—Shakespeare.
New York Tribune.

Mr. Ignatius Donnelly is amusing himself and preparing amusement for others by writing a book intended to show that Bacon wrote Shakespeare's plays and that he imbedded a record of his authorship in the play of Henry the Fourth, through the medium of a cipher. When it is considered that the construction of all language is such as to render possible the evolution of any imaginable kind of cipher from any book extant almost, the gravity and importance of Mr. Donnelly's discovery may be fairly appreciated. Any ingenious person could go to work upon "Robinson Crusoe" or "Gulliver's Travels" and deduce from their pages abundance of evidence, in cipher form, to the effect that neither Defoe nor Swift had anything to do with the authorship. There is, in short, practically unlimited play for fantasy in such a field, and nobody need be surprised if Mr. Donnelly's "finds" support his theory, inasmuch as the theory in this case is the father of the alleged cipher. What really is curious about the matter is the apparent seriousness with which this misguided gentleman attempts to establish parallels between the Shakespeare of the Plays and the Bacon of the Works. Perhaps discussion of this is idle, since where there is so evident an absence of critical perception correction would be hopeless. None the less is the position of Mr. Donnelly perilously near the comical.

As a matter of fact, no two styles are less alike than those of Bacon and Shakespeare. The man who gravely asserts, in face of his writings, that Bacon possessed the poetic temperament deserves to be accorded the same deference as would follow the opinions of a deaf-mute on classical music. Bacon was over weighted by his learning, and wrote with pedantic artificiality and stiffness. Nothing is more characteristic of Shakespeare than the majestic naturalness and simple ease with which he carries the broadest discussion of the deepest subjects. The two writers afford strong contrasts, not striking parallelisms, and nothing to the contrary can be proved by excerpting words, phrases, lines or passages, and uniting them into a hocus pocus semblance of likeness. The Baconians have never had any thing more solid to go upon than a congenial incapacity for criticism, comparison, analysis and judgment. Their arguments have all been sophistical and diaphanous to the verge and limit of absurdity, and the latest development of their harebrained mania is fantastic and flimsy even beyond the common wont. The world, which knows a hawk from a heron when the wind is in the proper quarter, will not take any stock in the new Baconian nonsense. Nevertheless it is almost melancholy to think of the quantity of clean white paper that will be soiled and spoiled, not only in the printing of Mr. Donnelly's book, but in the preparation of the replies to and refutations of it which are certain to crop out as thickly as mushrooms after a shower.

CLARKE'S FLAX SALVE
Cures piles, salt rheum, tetter, burns, scalds, sores, wounds, infant's sores and chaffing, sore nipples, and eruptions of the skin. Sufferers with cat arrh will find this an invaluable remedy and certain cure. Pleasant to use and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Price, 25cts per box. For sale by all reliable druggists.

DISAPPOINTED AND DISSATISFIED.

The President's Visit Causes Some Unpleasantness Among Local Democrats.
Indianapolis Journal (Monday).

No one questions the almost painful lack of heartiness in the reception of President Cleveland on Saturday. So far as Republicans were concerned they could scarcely be expected to make much noise over a hippodrome, the illecebre purpose of which was to boom a man as a political candidate for a political office. It has been announced by speaker Carlisle that the President's trip meant "conquest," and the local Democrat managers had managed to throw around the visit as much of a partisan flavor as was possible. The Republicans received the President respectfully, and with more consideration for a real, non-partisan welcome to the chief magistrate than was shown by Democrats. But the Democrats themselves had no heart in it. Coming from Pennsylvania and the East into the atmosphere of Indiana, Mr. Cleveland must have been convinced that there was much truth in all that had been said by Scott Ray and his kind, about the feeling of Indiana Democrats toward him and his administration. Indiana Democrats do not like Mr. Cleveland, and they could not prevent letting him know it on Saturday by the cold and chilling greeting they gave him on his first visit to the capital of their State. Whatever there was of apparent enthusiasm was perfunctory, worked up, put on for the occasion. * * *

Publicly, leading Democrats are having little to say as to what they think about the President's reception, but they have been doing a great deal of talking among themselves. Their disappointment over the failure of the Democrats of the State to turn out and give him a grand ovation, cannot be suppressed. They looked upon the visit solely from a political point of view, and expected to see a Democratic boom brought about by the Democrats from all parts of the State flocking to the capital and offering homage to the chief magistrate and Democratic candidate for re-election. The visit, they hoped, would not only rebound to the interest of national politics, but would prove beneficial to the party, through out the State and locally. Whether the President had any such motive in view or not, the leaders of the local Democracy did, and hence this great disappointment at the dismal failure of the demonstration. The frank members of the party admit that so far as any enthusiasm was concerned the affair was a disappointment, to say the least.

The important announcement is made that the Indiana State Board of Health has decided to require owners and operators of railroads to provide smoke consumers for all locomotives drawing passenger trains in or through the State. The Board holds that the smoke from the engines aggravates throat and pulmonary troubles, besides being uncomfortable and objectionable to every body, whether predisposed to these diseases or not. At first glance the proposition of the Board to prescribe such a regulation does not appear to be compatible with the generally accepted understanding of the duties of their office, but by investigating the law creating the Board it will be found that it may be construed so as to give the health officers almost unlimited power, and no other department of the civil government of the State is so well equipped for the speedy and peremptory enforcement of its orders.—Lafayette Courier.

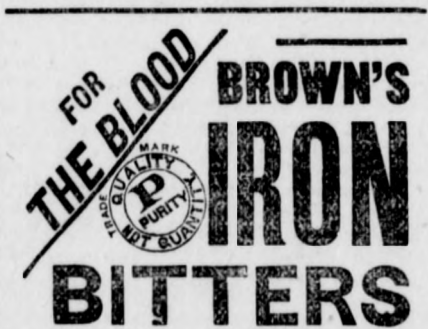
SOME FOOLISH PEOPLE

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, Oh it will wear away, but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which we sell on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial size free. J. E. Allen.

A GOOD APPETITE

Is essential to good health; but at this season it is often lost, owing to the poverty or impurity of the blood, derangement of the digestive organs, and the weakening effect of the changing season. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a wonderful medicine for creating an appetite, toning the digestion, and giving strength to the whole system. Now is the time to take it. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

FITS: All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 1521 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.



Combining IRON with PURE VEGETABLE TONICS, quickly and completely CLEANSSES and ENRICHES THE BLOOD. Quickens the action of the Liver and Kidneys. Clears the complexion, makes the skin smooth. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—ALL OTHER IRON MEDICINES DO. Physicians and Druggists everywhere recommend it.

DR. N. S. ROGERS, of Merion, Mass., says: "I recommend Brown's Iron Bitters as a valuable tonic for enriching the blood, and removing all dyspeptic symptoms. It does not hurt the teeth."

DR. R. M. DELZELL, Reynolds, Ind., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood diseases, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved thoroughly satisfactory."

MR. W. M. MONAHAN, Tusculum, Ala., says: "I have been troubled from childhood with Impure Blood, and upon my face two bottles of Brown's Iron Bitters effected a perfect cure. I cannot speak too highly of this valuable medicine."

Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

"Take a Tumble,"

Said the FIRE to the prices, and down they went.

One Fourth Off

On all CLOTHING.

Large reduction on all damaged goods in the

Hat and Furnishing Department.

Greatest chance known in years for the citizens of Putnam county to secure bargains.

See our late style Stiff Hats at \$1.46.

THE WHEN.

Greencastle, Ind.

J. R. LOTSHAR, Manager.

FINE DRINKS.

We have secured the agency for Chase & Sanborn's fine

Roasted Coffees

Rio Golden Rio, Combination--

Java-Maricuba and Choice

Rio and Standard Java.

These are extra fine goods and sold at same prices of inferior coffees. Try them and you will use no others.

Darnall & Bros. Co.

B. F. HAYS & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

HATS, CAPS and TRUNKS.

LAUNDRY AGENTS.

Ladies and Gents collars and cuffs a specialty. Goods received until Wednesday and returned Saturday.

FOR ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK CALL AT TIMES OFFICE!

A. T. KELLY.

—C. S. HAMMOND.

Kelly & Hammond,
Insurance Agents,
Greencastle, Indiana.

ROYAL, NIAGARA,
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE,
NORTH BRITISH AND M.
UNDERWRITERS,
FIRE ASSOCIATION,
GUARDIAN, OF LONDON.

HOME, OF NEW YORK.
AMERICAN, of Philadelphia,
NORTHERN ASSURANCE,
Of London.
AMERICAN CENTRAL,
Of St. Louis.

THE OLD RELIABLE

Brattin Jewelry Store

—Is full of Bargains in—

Watches, Clocks,
Jewelry!
Silverware and Spectacles.Special care taken in repairing
watches, clocks and Jewelry.D. W. BRATTIN, Proprietor.
D. M. BOWERS, Manager.

LOAN ED!

In any sum, for any time.
Must see the borrower in
person. No delay. Mon-
ey furnished at once at
the very lowest rates.Geo. J. Blake,
Greencastle, Ind.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

VANDALIA—East 3:00 a. m., 8:34 a. m., 2:32
p. m., 2:37 p. m., 3:45 p. m. West 8:59 a. m., 1:01
p. m., 5:25 p. m., 9:03 p. m., 12:17 a. m.I. & St. L.—East 1:32 a. m., 8:45 a. m., 2:34 p. m.,
5:01 p. m. West 12:30 K night 8:45 a. m., 12:58
p. m., 7:00 p. m.L. N. A. & C.—North 12:29 p. m., 9:51 p. m.
12:48 a. m. South 2:51 p. m., 2:49 a. m., 6:10
a. m., Local freight 10:03 a. m., Local freight
1:35 p. m.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Events of the Week—Our People and Other
People—Happenings of Interest to all.Jas. Spurgin is in the East.
Asa Black, now of Minneapolis, is
in the city.Miss Rosa Ward has returned from
a visit in Ohio.Miss May Ridpath is visiting in
Indianapolis.Mrs. DeVore is visiting her parents
at Russellville.Don't insure until you have seen
Kelly & Hammond. 45 4tMiss Bertha Keightly is visiting
friends in Kentucky.Mrs. H. M. Thomas is visiting her
sister at Rockford, Ill.A son was born to Nathaniel Street
and wife, of Fern, Oct. 2.S. F. Lockridge sold a short horn
bull last week to go to Iowa.Mrs. Sallie Rand, of Keokuk, Iowa,
is visiting Mr. Geo. Blake.Mrs. Charlie Cutler, of Louisville,
is visiting Mr. D. Cutler, Sr.Mr. Tucker Williamson is visiting
his brothers Gus and Thomas.A. T. Kelly is visiting his daughter
Mrs. Pruitt in Gettysburg, Dak.

James M. Hurley,

(Successor to Hurley & Barwick)

—DEALER IN—

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

Students' Supplies, etc.

Some Nice Baby Carriages at Cost.
42 3m.See Kelly and Hammond before
you place your insurance. 45 4tRalph Overstreet will spend the
winter in Florida. He leaves next
week.Flint Tennant, of Kansas, circu-
lated among friends here the first of
the week.Miss Julia Merryman, of New Al-
bany, is the guest of Mrs. Dave
Stevenson.Jas. Nutt and wife spent Saturday
in Terre Haute, taking a twilight
view of Cleveland.Be sure and read the advertise-
ment of Dr. Chase's Recipes in
another column of this paper.We desire to do a good farm in-
surance business and it will pay
farmers to see us. Kelly & Hammond.W. O. Bean, a brakeman on the I.
and St. L. was killed last Friday near
Mattoon by falling between the cars.FOR SALE—Three thousand
bushels fine winter apples; also 40
head good feeding steers. A Moudy.Mr. John Lynch and wife have
been the guests of relatives here the
past week. They go to Pine Bluff,
Ark.The Roachdale Statesmen has been
enlarged to a five column quarto and
will continue to be published at \$1.00
a year.Last week's rains had no percepti-
ble effect upon the creeks. The
parched earth drank up all the water
that fell.The water plugs that were two
high have been replaced by shorter
ones, which improve their appearance
very much.For fresh fish or bulk oysters
always fresh, go to M. B. Lee's stand.
He delivers his goods. J. E. Allen
& Co.'s corner.Farmers in some parts of the coun-
try are forming protective associa-
tions to protect their lands from
reckless hunters.Mr. Dory McCarty, of Roachdale,
is visiting his relatives in this vicini-
ty. He is recovering from a severe
attack of typhoid fever.Al Jones (colored) was seriously
hurt in Indianapolis last week by
falling during a fit with which he
often suffers. He may die of his
injuries.In the annual report of the com-
missioner of pensions, there are 319
pensioners in Putnam county, draw-
ing the aggregate sum of \$10,301.25
each year.On our 8th page today will be found
a striking and instructive illustration
of the comparative worth of the var-
ious kinds of baking powders now in
the market.Miss Mary Nutt and Miss Florence
Hays attend the national convention
of the Alpha fraternity held at Ev-
anston, Ill., this week as delegates
from the DePauw Chapter.Percy, the barber, is doing a
thriving business and he will wait
upon you without any delay as is
experienced in some shops. He hasOn our 8th page today will be found
a striking and instructive illustration
of the comparative worth of the var-
ious kinds of baking powders now in
the market.Miss Mary Nutt and Miss Florence
Hays attend the national convention
of the Alpha fraternity held at Ev-
anston, Ill., this week as delegates
from the DePauw Chapter.Percy, the barber, is doing a
thriving business and he will wait
upon you without any delay as is
experienced in some shops. He hasOn our 8th page today will be found
a striking and instructive illustration
of the comparative worth of the var-
ious kinds of baking powders now in
the market.Miss Mary Nutt and Miss Florence
Hays attend the national convention
of the Alpha fraternity held at Ev-
anston, Ill., this week as delegates
from the DePauw Chapter.Percy, the barber, is doing a
thriving business and he will wait
upon you without any delay as is
experienced in some shops. He hasOn our 8th page today will be found
a striking and instructive illustration
of the comparative worth of the var-
ious kinds of baking powders now in
the market.Miss Mary Nutt and Miss Florence
Hays attend the national convention
of the Alpha fraternity held at Ev-
anston, Ill., this week as delegates
from the DePauw Chapter.Percy, the barber, is doing a
thriving business and he will wait
upon you without any delay as is
experienced in some shops. He hasOn our 8th page today will be found
a striking and instructive illustration
of the comparative worth of the var-
ious kinds of baking powders now in
the market.Miss Mary Nutt and Miss Florence
Hays attend the national convention
of the Alpha fraternity held at Ev-
anston, Ill., this week as delegates
from the DePauw Chapter.Percy, the barber, is doing a
thriving business and he will wait
upon you without any delay as is
experienced in some shops. He hasOn our 8th page today will be found
a striking and instructive illustration
of the comparative worth of the var-
ious kinds of baking powders now in
the market.Miss Mary Nutt and Miss Florence
Hays attend the national convention
of the Alpha fraternity held at Ev-
anston, Ill., this week as delegates
from the DePauw Chapter.Percy, the barber, is doing a
thriving business and he will wait
upon you without any delay as is
experienced in some shops. He hasOn our 8th page today will be found
a striking and instructive illustration
of the comparative worth of the var-
ious kinds of baking powders now in
the market.Miss Mary Nutt and Miss Florence
Hays attend the national convention
of the Alpha fraternity held at Ev-
anston, Ill., this week as delegates
from the DePauw Chapter.Percy, the barber, is doing a
thriving business and he will wait
upon you without any delay as is
experienced in some shops. He hasOn our 8th page today will be found
a striking and instructive illustration
of the comparative worth of the var-
ious kinds of baking powders now in
the market.Miss Mary Nutt and Miss Florence
Hays attend the national convention
of the Alpha fraternity held at Ev-
anston, Ill., this week as delegates
from the DePauw Chapter.Percy, the barber, is doing a
thriving business and he will wait
upon you without any delay as is
experienced in some shops. He hasOn our 8th page today will be found
a striking and instructive illustration
of the comparative worth of the var-
ious kinds of baking powders now in
the market.Miss Mary Nutt and Miss Florence
Hays attend the national convention
of the Alpha fraternity held at Ev-
anston, Ill., this week as delegates
from the DePauw Chapter.Percy, the barber, is doing a
thriving business and he will wait
upon you without any delay as is
experienced in some shops. He hasOn our 8th page today will be found
a striking and instructive illustration
of the comparative worth of the var-
ious kinds of baking powders now in
the market.

Boots & Shoes

The Best that are Made at

P. R. CHRISTIE & CO.'S

Shoe Store, South Side Public
Square.Their store is headquarters for
good, reliable footwear. No goods
misrepresented, and no dickering in
prices. A full line of men's and boy's
hand-made boots in all the different
grades from the best French kip to a
stoga. If you want goods that are
reliable and will wear well, don't
fail to call on them. You will run
no risk of being swindled and will be
well pleased with your purchases.plenty of help of the best kind and
his charges are as low as the lowest.
Call at his shop for a shave or a
bath. Northeast corner of the
square.The late rains have caused the
packed dirt in the water works
trenches to settle badly in many
places. The company is repairing
them as rapidly as possible.Rev. Wm. F. Swahlen, D. D., will
deliver the university lecture in Me-
harry hall next Sabbath afternoon
at 3:15. Subject: "The Crown of
Gold and the Cup of Hemlock."There was a wreck on the Monon
last Thursday night near Sage's
hotel. A switch engine and a mov-
ing freight engine ran together.
Both were damaged considerably.F. G. Gilmore and wife, and
Charlie Allen and wife went to St.
Louis Monday noon to see the
Veiled Prophets, take in the exposi-
tion, etc. They will return to-day.Otho Matkins went to Mechanics-
burg, Ill., last night to witness the
marriage of his cousin Miss Maggie
Thompson to Mr. Louis B. Hall.Miss Thompson was acquainted in
this city.Gas well No. 2 is in running order.
It is situated about 100 yards west of
the dam on the creek a short distance
below the water works pumping
house. The casing is being hauled
over from the other well.Don't fail to attend the stock
sale of W. W. Allen and sons to be
held on the 13th day of this month.
Some extra young thoroughbred
cattle to be sold.

W. W. ALLEN & SONS.

A. M. Lockridge and sons, S. F.
and A. O., sold two hundred and
twenty head of cattle last week to
Hendricks county buyers. The price
was four and a quarter. R. Z. Lock-
ridge also sold a large lot at four
cents.Among the large delegation sent
by our city to greet Mrs. Frankie
Cleveland at Chicago are Dean Mills,
Mrs. Mills, Mrs. Robt. Ingle, Mrs.
Fannie Hall, Misses Florence Hays
and Mary Nutt, Dick Baker and
Jesse Weik.An Illinois sheriff longed two
prisoners in our county jail Tuesday
to await the arrival of a train west
on the I. & St. L. upon which he
took them to Paris, Ill. They were
arrested near Bloomington and are
charged with horse stealing.Levi Kahn has moved his store
from Brick Chapel to this city and
will run a general store in the
room just west of the first ward
school building. He has also rented
the dwelling house adjoining the
store room, and will move his family
there.Rev. Wm. Zaring, the new presid-
ing elder in the Bloomington dis-
trict, will make his home in this city
and has rented the late Hoover
property on south College Avenue.
Rev. Zaring preached here three
years, from 1875 to 1878.—Bloom-
ington Telephone.Rev. Augustine Prentiss, formerly
Rector of Grace Cathedral, Indian-
apolis, has been secured to take
charge of St. John's Episcopal
church in this city and will conduct
the services on next Sunday morning
and evening at the usual hours. The
public are cordially invited to attend.The Spurgin building, which will
be occupied by the "When" in about
two weeks, will have a new front.
The entrance of the clothing room
will be in the middle of the building
with a large show window on either
side. The Columbus "When" man-
aged by Frank Smith will be trans-
ferred to Brazil.

There is much room for improve-

ment in the music at College Avenue
church. With such a large congre-
gation of the best people of our city
it seems that good music should be
essential. The present choir is all
right but there is not enough of
it. There should be some organ-
ized effort to raise the standard of
music in the church.On Thursday, September 28, Miss
Alexandra Milligan, formerly of this
city, was married to Mr. Charles
Silliman Gilbert, of Los Angeles,
California. The marriage ceremony
took place at noon in St. Marks
church, Minneapolis. Mr. and Mrs.
Gilbert with a few intimate friends
then repaired to the West Hotel
where the wedding breakfast was
served, and in the evening left for
Zanesville, Ohio. They will arrive
in Greencastle Friday and will be
the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jerome
Allen.I have been bothered with catarrh for about
twenty years; I had lost sense of smell entirely
for the last fifteen years, and I had almost lost
my hearing. My eyes were getting so dim I had
to get some one to thread my needle. Now I
have my hearing as well as I ever had, and I can
see to thread as fine a needle as ever I did, my
sense of smell is perfectly restored, and it seems
to be improving all the time. I think there is
nothing like Ely's Cream Balm for catarrh.—
Mrs. E. E. Grimes, 67 Valley St., Hendricks, Perry
county, Ohio.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts; bruises
sore, Ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, scalds,
Chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin
eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay
required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satis-
faction, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per
box. For sale by ALBERT ALLEN.Itch, prairie mange, and scratches
of every kind cured in 30 minutes by
Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no
other. This never fails. Sold by
Albert Allen, druggist, Greencastle.

AN END TO BONE SCRAPING.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Pa., says,
"Having received so much benefit from Electric
Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering human-
ity know it. I have had a running sore on my
leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would
have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated.
I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters
and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my
leg is now sound and well."Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle
and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c. per box by
Allen.Crepe lisse is a beautiful tissue,
but is never becoming to any com-
plexion. Still it remains fashionable
for neck lingerie.

GOOD RESULTS IN EVERY CASE.

D. A. Bradford, wholesale dealer of Chat-
tanooga, Tenn., writes that he was seriously af-
flicted with a severe cold that settled on his
lungs; had tried many remedies without ben-
efit. Being induced to try Dr. King's New Dis-
covery for Consumption, did so and was entire-
ly cured by use of a few bottles. Since which
time he has used it in his family for all coughs
and colds with best results. This is the expe-
rience of thousands whose lives have been saved
by this Wonderful Discovery.

Bottles free at Albert Allen's Drug store

THE HOMELIEST MAN IN GREENCASTLE

As well as the handsomest, and others are
invited to call on J. E. Allen & Co. and get free
a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat
and Lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely
upon its merits and is guaranteed to cure and
relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma,
Bronchitis and Consumption. Price 50 cents
and \$1. e. o. w. lye.

Model Clothing & Hat House

It will Pay you well to see how they Sell New Goods at the

The Only House in the City that has Received their FALL STOCK.

No old "Chestnuts" or Damages Goods in our stock. All bright and new, direct from the factory, for less
money than you pay elsewhere for "old relics."

English Cheviots

In Stripes, Checks and Mixtures that are the toniest suits of the season—we have them in sacks, cutaways and
frocks. Men's heavy winter suits \$6.00, \$7.00, \$8.00, \$10.00 \$12.00. Fine light overcoats \$8.00, \$10.00, \$12.00 and
\$15.00. Heavy Overcoats \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00. In UNDERWEAR we have the finest line in
the city from 20 cents to \$2.00.

All-wool Scarlet Shirts and Drawers only 50c.

See our new shape Stiff Hats, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00. A large line of Men's Crush Hats, former price
1.00, now going at 50 cents. Boys' School Caps 15c, 20c, 25c, and 40c.

F. A. HAYS.

EAST SIDE SQUARE.

ment in the music at College Avenue
church. With such a large congre-
gation of the best people of our city
it seems that good music should be
essential. The present choir is all
right but there is not enough of
it. There should be some organ-
ized effort to raise the standard of
music in the church.On Thursday, September 28, Miss
Alexandra Milligan, formerly of this
city, was married to Mr. Charles
Silliman Gilbert, of Los Angeles,
California. The marriage ceremony
took place at noon in St. Marks
church, Minneapolis. Mr. and Mrs.
Gilbert with a few intimate friends
then repaired to the West Hotel
where the wedding breakfast was
served, and in the evening left for
Zanesville, Ohio. They will arrive
in Greencastle Friday and will be
the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jerome
Allen.I have been bothered with catarrh for about
twenty years; I had lost sense of smell entirely
for the last fifteen years, and I had almost lost
my hearing. My eyes were getting so dim I had
to get some one to thread my needle. Now I
have my hearing as well as I ever had, and I can
see to thread as fine a needle as ever I did, my
sense of smell is perfectly restored, and it seems
to be improving all the time. I think there is
nothing like Ely's Cream Balm for catarrh.—
Mrs. E. E. Grimes, 67 Valley St., Hendricks, Perry
county, Ohio.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts; bruises
sore, Ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, scalds,
Chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin
eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay
required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satis-
faction, or money refunded. Price, 25 cents per
box. For sale by ALBERT ALLEN.Itch, prairie mange, and scratches
of every kind cured in 30 minutes by
Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no
other. This never fails. Sold by
Albert Allen, druggist, Greencastle.

AN END TO BONE SCRAPING.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Pa., says,
"Having received so much benefit from Electric
Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering human-
ity know it. I have had a running sore on my
leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would
have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated.
I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters
and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my
leg is now sound and well."Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle
and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c. per box by
Allen.Crepe lisse is a beautiful tissue,
but is never becoming to any com-
plexion. Still it remains fashionable
for neck lingerie.

GOOD RESULTS IN EVERY CASE.

D. A. Bradford, wholesale dealer of Chat-
tanooga, Tenn., writes that he was seriously af-
flicted with a severe cold that settled on his
lungs; had tried many remedies without ben-
efit. Being induced to try Dr. King's New Dis-
covery for Consumption, did so and was entire-
ly cured by use of a few bottles. Since which
time he has used it in his family for all coughs
and colds with best results. This is the expe-
rience of thousands whose lives have been saved
by this Wonderful Discovery.

Bottles free at Albert Allen's Drug store

THE HOMELIEST MAN IN GREENCASTLE

As well as the handsomest, and others are
invited to call on J. E. Allen & Co. and get free
a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat
and Lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely
upon its merits and is guaranteed to cure and
relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma,
Bronchitis and Consumption. Price 50 cents
and \$1. e. o. w. lye.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS.

The State of Indiana, Putnam County.

In the Putnam Circuit Court, November term.

1887.
Stoughton J. Fletcher
and Francis M. Churchman
vs.
Samuel R. Bullock and
William S. Mercer.Now come the plaintiffs by Williamson & Dag-
ey, attorneys, and file their complaint herein,
together with an affidavit that said defendants,
Samuel R. Bullock and William S. Mercer, are
not residents of the state of Indiana, and for
attachment proceedings in said cause.Notice is therefore hereby given said defend-
ants, that unless they be and appear on the 7th
judicial day of the next November term of the
Putnam Circuit Court, to be holden on the third
Monday of November, A. D. 1887, at the Court
House in Greencastle, in said County and State,
and answer or demur to said complaint, the
same will be heard and determined in their ab-
sence.Witness my name, and the seal of said Court,
affixed at Greencastle, this 5th day of October,
A. D. 1887. JOHN W. LEE,
(SEAL) 45 3c Clerk.

White Oak Spokes Wanted!

I wish to say to all that contem-
plate furnishing me spokes, that I
am now paying a high price for them
and will take all of the good spokes
that come in. I am sometimes over-
stocked in the latter part of winter
and spring. NOW is the time to go to
work at them. Dimensions: 28 inches
long, 1 1/2 inches on the heart edge, and
3 inches wide. A. BROCKWAY.

Greencastle, Sept. 28th. 44 2m

GO TO—

ALBERT ALLEN'S

—FOR—

Pure Drugs, Paints and Wall Paper!

Also a fine line of Holiday Goods just
received, consisting of

LIBRARY LAMPS, CUT GLASS WARE,
LAMPS, VASES,
ARTISTS' MATERIALS,
WATER SETS; FINE CHINA,
STATIONERY, PICTURES.

ALLEN'S DRUG STORE,
GREENCASTLE, IND.

Millinery Department

Latest Novelties, Special Styles. In Hats we are showing everything that
is new in Felt, Cloth, Plush and Silk. Our display of Tips, fancy
wings, Ribbons, Plushes, Velvets and ornaments is the largest
ever made in the City

Hats Trimmed Free!

Special Underwear Sale:

Ladies' Best Scarlet Cashmere Vests and Drawers, 75c and \$1.00; worth
\$1.00 and \$1.35.Jersey Underwear in Cream and
Scarlet.BUTTON SALE: 5,000 cards of new dress buttons at 10c a card, 2
dozen on a card, worth 50 cents a card elsewhere.

F. G. GILMORE.

City - Drug - Store!

J. E. ALLEN & Co,

Greencastle, Ind.

CIGARS and Smokers' Articles.

Stand Lamps,
Hand Lamps,

Hanging - Lamps;

—AND—

COAL - OIL,

—AND A FULL STOCK OF—

Stationery - and - Toilet - Articles,

—AT—

Jones' Drug Store.

LIBERALS AT DINNER.

THEY RIDICULE THE FESTIVITIES
OF THE QUEEN'S JUBILEE.

Free Judgment Passed on Princes, Potentates and Diplomats of High and Low Degree—Paraphrasing of Her Grace's Majesty Victoria—Her First Love.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—Imagine a spacious, old-fashioned mansion in the north of England, with a large hall running from door to door, serving the double purpose of an entrance and dining room, decorated with the heads and branching horns of many a hapless deer, with flags, armor, pikes, guns and bows, and huge skins of lions, leopards and tigers on the floor, and a large round table in the center, where many a good dinner had been served to bold thinkers in days gone by. Imagine all this, and you will have the surroundings of a charming dinner party that I am about to describe—not the menu, the succession of courses, the china, the silver, but the main points of the conversation.

On this occasion there were assembled there a county squire, a retired general, a naval officer, a clergyman, a Socialist, an artist, a professor of political economy and two American ladies. The conversation, which lasted until midnight, was a wholesale criticism of royalty, its greed and selfishness, as illustrated in the recent festivities.

The rejoicings of the queen and her flunkies that in all the upheavals on the continent she has stuck to her throne for fifty years, is still a theme of constant merriment with the press and the people. The gist of the talk on this occasion will give you an idea of how rapidly the respect for the royal family is waning.

"Now that the jubilee junketing is over," said our host, "the last corner stone of future institutions laid for this year, the dazzling spectacular processions ended; now that the music has ceased and the lights are out, hysteria is giving way to common sense, and it is evident that a time of practical reflection is setting in. Loyalty to monarchical ideas was at high water level just before the recent celebration. In 1848 republican tendencies in England reached flood tide, but the ebb has been steadily going on ever since. And now the time for the return wave has come, and the change of feeling will be all the more rapid, because of the release that always follows abnormal enthusiasm. Hard headed and close-fisted John Bull is beginning to ask what all the fuss, which he must pay for, has been about. The overburdened taxpayers realize now that the uproar has been of no benefit to them. But the great enthusiasm we have witnessed was not the result of loyalty, but of the fact that in England we have no regular national fête day." Addressing the American lady on his right he said: "We have nothing recurring every year like your Decoration day, your Fourth of July, Thanksgiving and Washington's birthday. All we have is a bank holiday, occurring on four Mondays chosen at convenient intervals during the year, to give the Bank of England clerks a needed rest from casting up columns of figures. Think of a nation without a single day set apart to celebrate any great patriotic event, and then you can judge of the cause of the enthusiasm roused by the recent fêtes."

"Yes," said the hostess, laughing, "what possible sentiment can these bank holidays suggest? Nothing but work and cold dinners, I am sure."

"I have lived in England," said one of the American ladies, "five years, and until this summer have never seen any illuminations, decorations or pyrotechnics, and though I am a patriotic citizen of the United States and a red Republican, and have no respect for royalty, yet I sold my soul to see the sky-rockets, and my spirit of liberty rose with them to the zenith. I had not seen a Roman candle for years, and how could I help being enthusiastic?"

"But most of the magnificent spectacles," said the gentleman of socialistic tendencies, "furnished at government expense were all arranged for the benefit of the upper classes. The rights of the people have been signally outraged. Long before coronation day the lovers of Westminster Abbey found its doors closed upon them and heard ominous sounds of hammer and plane coming from the interior. It is said the building is permanently injured. The Pall Mall in a recent issue said: 'Those who choose to visit Westminster Abbey now that it is once more open for worship, after a long period of uselessness, will find melancholy traces of the stupendous and costly fire recently enacted there. The brave old walls have suffered considerable damage, and the place does not seem like itself—to some of us it never will again. We hope the spoilers and blunders are satisfied with their work.'"

"Outside the scaffolding and buildings were raised to accommodate lords, ladies and the queen's royal visitors, while the representatives of the people took a low rank, and watched the spectacle from less conspicuous coigns of vantage. The people who could not afford to pay £5 or £10 for a window or a seat on some speculator's stand stood on the sidewalks and gutters, elbowing one another, jostled by police on the one side and soldiers on the other, so densely packed that some fainted, some were seriously hurt, even bones were broken. And lo! when the royal lady appeared, the object of intense curiosity to this hapless crowd, she was in a closed carriage, with the proverbial black bonnet and veil. There was grumbling and questioning as to where the crown and robes were. The bone and sinew of London came up out of its workshops to see their queen, not the widow of the prince consort. The robes and other state paraphernalia were donated at the abbey for the benefit of the nobility, who could appreciate elegance. The great unwashed," it was said, "could not tell the difference between a black bonnet and a crown."

"Compare this picture," said the artist, "with that charming scene in the stage life of Fanny Kemble, England's tragedy queen. Seeing some poor women peeping in through the window of her dressing room at the theatre, she beckoned them to enter, showed them her gowns and jewels, gave them a seat where they could see the play, and when all was ended bade them good night with words of tenderness and sympathy."

"But there was one touch of nature," said the hostess, "in the Westminster fete that would make the workingwomen feel akin to their sovereign, were the fact generally known. After the solemn praying and chanting and offering of thanksgiving to God for his mercies had all ended the queen retired, and her first command was 'a pint bottle of stout!' One other human episode reached the American lady, 'that makes the whole melodrama quite laughable. How much each one was to give in the various 'free will' offerings was carefully specified; for instance, the demand on army officers for three-fourths of a day's pay. And then it seems the recipient of the spontaneous gift was not to forget in the first moments' burst of gratitude that the money was to come back in charity."

"The honor of the nation," said our host, "has been quite as badly ignored as the interests of the people. It is a vital point with Great Britain to keep on good terms with the European powers, yet the three most important ambassadors at the court of St. James—De Staat, Waddington and Kalouky—received such shabby treatment that they left the palace in high dudgeon. Surely it was to the credit of the nation that the princes from the great dependency of India should be as well received as petty European sovereigns, but there was such a want of civility that Maharajah Holkar indignantly left London. His precipitate retreat was mainly caused by the slight offered him and his countrymen at the volunteer review. The Indian princes were told to leave their carriages outside Buckingham palace. As they picked their way in their magnificent robes across the court yard little German princelings in grand turnouts drove by them right up to the pavilion. Nor did this end the slights. Next came the laying of the corner stone of the Imperial institute. It was supposed this building was to be erected for the special benefit of the colonies and India. But on the date reserved for royalties not an Indian prince appeared. They were not even escorted to front seat, but left with the general crowd. Later they were accorded the privilege of paying their own way to Portsmouth and back. Nor did they find themselves on a royal yacht at the naval review, but on the oldest and dirtiest of the troopships at the tail end of the procession. Not only were representatives of India and the colonies, parliamentary representatives of Great Britain and Ireland, preceded by the yacht bearing the queen, not only by that of the Prince of Wales and by three others carrying their betters, but in truth by the vessel of the suite of the royal household. Verily the house of Hanover seems to be wholly oblivious to court etiquette, to all the privileges of rank except what applies to themselves."

"The aversion of the queen," said the artist, "is one of the most lamentable of her characteristics. She has been in the habit of inviting distinguished actors to Windsor to give private entertainments for herself and royal guests, but always remunerating them most inadequately for their services, and there was much dissatisfaction among some that the profession had wasted any money on her jubilee. I was in a certain place the other day and found myself one of a crowd largely composed of actors, among whom there was much indignant talk about 'waste of money.' The 'waste' referred to the cost of the professional address to the queen. The hundreds spent upon it, they declared, had been 'thrown away,' as her majesty had treated it with indifference. On one occasion the queen invited the actor, Mr. Wyndham, to give some recitations. When he left she actually had the face to give him half a crown. He bowed graciously in receiving it, and on arriving at London he put it into a charity box and had it registered as a donation from himself and the queen. Another evidence of her parsimony is now going the rounds of the British Liberal journals after this fashion: 'What is mine is my own,' cries her majesty; and she has no intention of letting anything that is absolutely her private property fall into the hands of the nation. She has determined to store the costly gifts received during her jubilee at Balmoral and Osborne, instead of at Buckingham palace and Windsor, as it is at these latter royal residences that there are collections of precious things which are crown property, and her majesty is fearful that some of her presents, if stored at either of these places, may be confounded at some distant date with what belongs to the nation, and give rise to disputes between herself, her heirs, administrators or assigns and the crown. Good, careful queen! It is a pity the nation has not been equally careful in the past, as there are many priceless possessions of theirs which have got mixed up with her majesty's own treasures, and now the sovereign is much surprised when it is pointed out to her that she does not belong to her personally."

"Did you ever hear," said the venerable general, "what before her marriage her majesty was hopelessly in love with the captain of the Royal guards—a tall, splendid looking man? Her passion was so well known that the captain was ordered to India and the German Prince Albert promptly imported."

With this dainty bit of gossip and some discussion on social ethics the ladies retired. Elizabeth Cady Stanton.

Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic is not a stimulant but a nerve food, restoring nerve force lost by sickness or excessive mental work or the use of liquor, opium, morphine or tobacco. It supplies food for nerve tissues and by its gentle operative action, removes all restraint from the secretory organs, hence, curing all diseases of stomach and liver. J. E. Allen & Co., City Drug Store, will supply the genuine Red Clover Tonic at 50 cents a bottle.

Sam Jones says he is not a "divine" but a "human."

"SHE'S MUCH OLDER THAN HER HUSBAND."

We heard a young girl make the above remark the other day about a lady with whom we are slightly acquainted. It was not true, yet the lady in question actually does look five years older than her husband although she is really several years his junior. She is prematurely aged, and functional derangement is the cause. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription would cure her, and all others who are in the same condition. If the reader of this chances to be a similar sufferer, let her get the "Prescription." It will bring back her lost beauty, and better still, it will remove all those distressing symptoms which have made life a burden to her so long. Money refunded if it don't give satisfaction. See guarantee printed on bottle wrapper.

Missouri's lead fields cover one-ninth of the State's area.

Can't Sleep. Nights is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 10c., 50c.

J. E. ALLEN & CO., DRUGGISTS

for the soldiers. No message came from the queen to give them a sumptuous entertainment at her expense. No, no. It was a torrid day for England, and the men came out of the dust of the maneuvers as black as chimney sweeps, and for their trouble they were dined as usual on canned beef and vegetables.

"The naval review was a consummate failure and attended with serious catastrophes. Of late years there has been much doubt as to the efficiency of the navy, so there was a widespread desire to see the vessels at close range. Newspaper editors immediately busied themselves in fanning the national pride, though obliged ever and anon to make most disquieting revelations. I see where you Americans get your easy going ways. It is an Anglo-Saxon peculiarity. The British taxpayer is rather inclined to chuckle over the recent embarrassments of the admiralty, though fully comprehending the serious meaning of the facts that sword and bayonet bend up like tin when used, and that naval maneuvers, through the bursting of guns, have been as disastrous to life and limb as war with a foreign foe. Yet it was a general surprise that the Curlew, a new, swift ship, immediately broke down and had to go into dock for a thorough overhauling; that the Collingwood had to steam into port with one set of engines, the stuffing boxes of the others having collapsed; that the Ajax and Devastation had a collision in broad daylight and both nearly foundered; that the hull of the high pressure piston sank fell to leaking so that she could not keep up her speed at the decisive moment; that the Colossus, one of the newest ships, showed she could not stand the firing of her heavy guns; that three of the torpedo boats came to grief and had to retire; in short, that three-sevenths of the fleet, sailing slowly about in 'queen's weather,' on calm seas, with only imaginary foes, were at the end of one week hors de combat."

This graphic summing up of the army and navy by the general was received with hearty laughter.

"And yet," said our hostess, "The Standard tells us that 'this is the best of all possible fleets for the defense of the best of all possible islands.' Well, we Anglo-Saxons are slipshod, although we seem to get on in the world."

"Yes," said the retired naval officer, "the review was not only a signal failure, but it illustrates the utter indifference of royalty to the comfort and safety of the people. The queen was two hours late in starting, so the sailors who manned the yards were kept all that time, like so many cormorants, up in the rigging in the blazing sun. When her royal highness did appear she was greeted by the firing of a royal salute from all the vessels. The booming was, however, the death knell of some of her subjects, who by an unhappy accident were blown into eternity. Several others now lie at Melville hospital. Of these four will be permanently blind. One has his hand blown off and the side of his body badly mutilated. Some are terribly disfigured, others have lost legs and arms amputated. But her majesty was honored, and what avails the lives of a few private citizens, when a dozen Battenbergs have been thus suddenly dispatched to heaven, while the rejoicings have proceeded just the same? The full extent of that accident has not as yet been fully told. If the people knew one-tenth of what is going on behind the scenes the nation would be in a ferment of indignation."

"It is a pertinent question," said the professor, "and one that is being asked by practical people just now, what Victoria Regina has done towards our national development that should entitle her to the loyalty of the housewives. During the last fifty years Great Britain has increased in wealth, in commercial power, she has developed a system of national education; has added lustre to all developments of literature, science, and with its increased population has built up prosperous colonies beyond the seas. In achieving all this what part has loyalty played? Well, it cannot be denied that her majesty and her children have contributed their full share to the population, though unfortunately not to the proper classes, nor is it open to dispute that The Queen's Journal has been an immortal contribution to our literature, and it is said a novel from her fertile pen is now in preparation. The royal lady can also claim that she has signed acts of parliament for fifty long years, that she has given state dinners and eaten them too."

"She has stood up," added our hostess, "till her back ached, receiving representatives of foreign governments, and even their ladies, when the latter did not insult her by appearing in high-necked dresses. She has also many a time suffered with vertigo from laying corner stones, and has opened building after building, which thankless task has only been made endurable by receiving a handsome commemorative gift. Surely here is reason enough why her subjects should love her."

"Let us see," rejoined a member of parliament, "what reasons there are why she should love her people. First she gets from them over £2,000,000 a year, and about \$200,000 to keep her palaces in order. Beside the queen has an immense private fortune. She is a fabulously rich woman, no one knows how rich, for she pays no income tax. And one considers the charges for the royal nursery. The princess royal gets in your American currency \$40,000; the Prince of Wales \$200,000; and \$200,000 more from the duchy of Cornwall, \$7,000 for the colony of the Tenth Hussars; the Princess of Wales gets \$50,000; the Duke of Edinburgh, \$125,000; the Princess Helena, \$30,000; Princess Louise, \$30,000; the Duchess of Teck, \$25,000; the Duke of Connaught, \$125,000; the Duchess of Albany, \$50,000, and then a long line of the queen's relatives are pensioned. In view of this bountiful provision there is no reason why the reigning family should not feel jubilant."

"But it would have been more patriotic," said the clergyman, "if there had been something done in the interest of the people. Four hundred pounds, given mostly in penny contributions by working women as an offering to the queen, was expected to come back to the nation in the form of some great charity. But nothing is heard of the money, though days are growing into weeks, weeks into months. The whole history of this 'woman's offering' is revolting in its apathy. It was started by ladies to court advancement, and who took this means of carrying favor."

"Yes," said the general, "wives of certain officers at Aldershot—I could name them if I chose—went from door to door in the barracks and put official pressure on the wives of the soldiers to make them contribute. It was well known to those official females that the soldiers are shamefully underpaid, on the supposition that if they marry their wives will add to their income. You know in Germany if a woman marries an officer she must first prove that she has a sufficient income to support herself and family. The idea is well understood here, though not so clearly defined. Autograph letters from the Prince of Wales were actually sent to military and naval officers requesting contributions which rests on a very questionable foundation."

"There is a ludicrous confusing of sentiment with hard headed practicality," said the American lady, "that makes the whole melodrama quite laughable. How much each one was to give in the various 'free will' offerings was carefully specified; for instance, the demand on army officers for three-fourths of a day's pay. And then it seems the recipient of the spontaneous gift was not to forget in the first moments' burst of gratitude that the money was to come back in charity."

"The honor of the nation," said our host, "has been quite as badly ignored as the interests of the people. It is a vital point with Great Britain to keep on good terms with the European powers, yet the three most important ambassadors at the court of St. James—De Staat, Waddington and Kalouky—received such shabby treatment that they left the palace in high dudgeon. Surely it was to the credit of the nation that the princes from the great dependency of India should be as well received as petty European sovereigns, but there was such a want of civility that Maharajah Holkar indignantly left London. His precipitate retreat was mainly caused by the slight offered him and his countrymen at the volunteer review. The Indian princes were told to leave their carriages outside Buckingham palace. As they picked their way in their magnificent robes across the court yard little German princelings in grand turnouts drove by them right up to the pavilion. Nor did this end the slights. Next came the laying of the corner stone of the Imperial institute. It was supposed this building was to be erected for the special benefit of the colonies and India. But on the date reserved for royalties not an Indian prince appeared. They were not even escorted to front seat, but left with the general crowd. Later they were accorded the privilege of paying their own way to Portsmouth and back. Nor did they find themselves on a royal yacht at the naval review, but on the oldest and dirtiest of the troopships at the tail end of the procession. Not only were representatives of India and the colonies, parliamentary representatives of Great Britain and Ireland, preceded by the yacht bearing the queen, not only by that of the Prince of Wales and by three others carrying their betters, but in truth by the vessel of the suite of the royal household. Verily the house of Hanover seems to be wholly oblivious to court etiquette, to all the privileges of rank except what applies to themselves."

"The aversion of the queen," said the artist, "is one of the most lamentable of her characteristics. She has been in the habit of inviting distinguished actors to Windsor to give private entertainments for herself and royal guests, but always remunerating them most inadequately for their services, and there was much dissatisfaction among some that the profession had wasted any money on her jubilee. I was in a certain place the other day and found myself one of a crowd largely composed of actors, among whom there was much indignant talk about 'waste of money.' The 'waste' referred to the cost of the professional address to the queen. The hundreds spent upon it, they declared, had been 'thrown away,' as her majesty had treated it with indifference. On one occasion the queen invited the actor, Mr. Wyndham, to give some recitations. When he left she actually had the face to give him half a crown. He bowed graciously in receiving it, and on arriving at London he put it into a charity box and had it registered as a donation from himself and the queen. Another evidence of her parsimony is now going the rounds of the British Liberal journals after this fashion: 'What is mine is my own,' cries her majesty; and she has no intention of letting anything that is absolutely her private property fall into the hands of the nation. She has determined to store the costly gifts received during her jubilee at Balmoral and Osborne, instead of at Buckingham palace and Windsor, as it is at these latter royal residences that there are collections of precious things which are crown property, and her majesty is fearful that some of her presents, if stored at either of these places, may be confounded at some distant date with what belongs to the nation, and give rise to disputes between herself, her heirs, administrators or assigns and the crown. Good, careful queen! It is a pity the nation has not been equally careful in the past, as there are many priceless possessions of theirs which have got mixed up with her majesty's own treasures, and now the sovereign is much surprised when it is pointed out to her that she does not belong to her personally."

"Did you ever hear," said the venerable general, "what before her marriage her majesty was hopelessly in love with the captain of the Royal guards—a tall, splendid looking man? Her passion was so well known that the captain was ordered to India and the German Prince Albert promptly imported."

With this dainty bit of gossip and some discussion on social ethics the ladies retired. Elizabeth Cady Stanton.

Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic is not a stimulant but a nerve food, restoring nerve force lost by sickness or excessive mental work or the use of liquor, opium, morphine or tobacco. It supplies food for nerve tissues and by its gentle operative action, removes all restraint from the secretory organs, hence, curing all diseases of stomach and liver. J. E. Allen & Co., City Drug Store, will supply the genuine Red Clover Tonic at 50 cents a bottle.

Sam Jones says he is not a "divine" but a "human."

"SHE'S MUCH OLDER THAN HER HUSBAND."

for the soldiers. No message came from the queen to give them a sumptuous entertainment at her expense. No, no. It was a torrid day for England, and the men came out of the dust of the maneuvers as black as chimney sweeps, and for their trouble they were dined as usual on canned beef and vegetables.

"The naval review was a consummate failure and attended with serious catastrophes. Of late years there has been much doubt as to the efficiency of the navy, so there was a widespread desire to see the vessels at close range. Newspaper editors immediately busied themselves in fanning the national pride, though obliged ever and anon to make most disquieting revelations. I see where you Americans get your easy going ways. It is an Anglo-Saxon peculiarity. The British taxpayer is rather inclined to chuckle over the recent embarrassments of the admiralty, though fully comprehending the serious meaning of the facts that sword and bayonet bend up like tin when used, and that naval maneuvers, through the bursting of guns, have been as disastrous to life and limb as war with a foreign foe. Yet it was a general surprise that the Curlew, a new, swift ship, immediately broke down and had to go into dock for a thorough overhauling; that the Collingwood had to steam into port with one set of engines, the stuffing boxes of the others having collapsed; that the Ajax and Devastation had a collision in broad daylight and both nearly foundered; that the hull of the high pressure piston sank fell to leaking so that she could not keep up her speed at the decisive moment; that the Colossus, one of the newest ships, showed she could not stand the firing of her heavy guns; that three of the torpedo boats came to grief and had to retire; in short, that three-sevenths of the fleet, sailing slowly about in 'queen's weather,' on calm seas, with only imaginary foes, were at the end of one week hors de combat."

This graphic summing up of the army and navy by the general was received with hearty laughter.

"And yet," said our hostess, "The Standard tells us that 'this is the best of all possible fleets for the defense of the best of all possible islands.' Well, we Anglo-Saxons are slipshod, although we seem to get on in the world."

"Yes," said the retired naval officer, "the review was not only a signal failure, but it illustrates the utter indifference of royalty to the comfort and safety of the people. The queen was two hours late in starting, so the sailors who manned the yards were kept all that time, like so many cormorants, up in the rigging in the blazing sun. When her royal highness did appear she was greeted by the firing of a royal salute from all the vessels. The booming was, however, the death knell of some of her subjects, who by an unhappy accident were blown into eternity. Several others now lie at Melville hospital. Of these four will be permanently blind. One has his hand blown off and the side of his body badly mutilated. Some are terribly disfigured, others have lost legs and arms amputated. But her majesty was honored, and what avails the lives of a few private citizens, when a dozen Battenbergs have been thus suddenly dispatched to heaven, while the rejoicings have proceeded just the same? The full extent of that accident has not as yet been fully told. If the people knew one-tenth of what is going on behind the scenes the nation would be in a ferment of indignation."

"It is a pertinent question," said the professor, "and one that is being asked by practical people just now, what Victoria Regina has done towards our national development that should entitle her to the loyalty of the housewives. During the last fifty years Great Britain has increased in wealth, in commercial power, she has developed a system of national education; has added lustre to all developments of literature, science, and with its increased population has built up prosperous colonies beyond the seas. In achieving all this what part has loyalty played? Well, it cannot be denied that her majesty and her children have contributed their full share to the population, though unfortunately not to the proper classes, nor is it open to dispute that The Queen's Journal has been an immortal contribution to our literature, and it is said a novel from her fertile pen is now in preparation. The royal lady can also claim that she has signed acts of parliament for fifty long years, that she has given state dinners and eaten them too."

"She has stood up," added our hostess, "till her back ached, receiving representatives of foreign governments, and even their ladies, when the latter did not insult her by appearing in high-necked dresses. She has also many a time suffered with vertigo from laying corner stones, and has opened building after building, which thankless task has only been made endurable by receiving a handsome commemorative gift. Surely here is reason enough why her subjects should love her."

"Let us see," rejoined a member of parliament, "what reasons there are why she should love her people. First she gets from them over £2,000,000 a year, and about \$200,000 to keep her palaces in order. Beside the queen has an immense private fortune. She is a fabulously rich woman, no one knows how rich, for she pays no income tax. And one considers the charges for the royal nursery. The princess royal gets in your American currency \$40,000; the Prince of Wales \$200,000; and \$200,000 more from the duchy of Cornwall, \$7,000 for the colony of the Tenth Hussars; the Princess of Wales gets \$50,000; the Duke of Edinburgh, \$125,000; the Princess Helena, \$30,000; Princess Louise, \$30,000; the Duchess of Teck, \$25,000; the Duke of Connaught, \$125,000; the Duchess of Albany, \$50,000, and then a long line of the queen's relatives are pensioned. In view of this bountiful provision there is no reason why the reigning family should not feel jubilant."

"But it would have been more patriotic," said the clergyman, "if there had been something done in the interest of the people. Four hundred pounds, given mostly in penny contributions by working women as an offering to the queen, was expected to come back to the nation in the form of some great charity. But nothing is heard of the money, though days are growing into weeks, weeks into months. The whole history of this 'woman's offering' is revolting in its apathy. It was started by ladies to court advancement, and who took this means of carrying favor."

"Yes," said the general, "wives of certain officers at Aldershot—I could name them if I chose—went from door to door in the barracks and put official pressure on the wives of the soldiers to make them contribute. It was well known to those official females that the soldiers are shamefully underpaid, on the supposition that if they marry their wives will add to their income. You know in Germany if a woman marries an officer she must first prove that she has a sufficient income to support herself and family. The idea is well understood here, though not so clearly defined. Autograph letters from the Prince of Wales were actually sent to military and naval officers requesting contributions which rests on a very questionable foundation."

"There is a ludicrous confusing of sentiment with hard headed practicality," said the American lady, "that makes the whole melodrama quite laughable. How much each one was to give in the various 'free will' offerings was carefully specified; for instance, the demand on army officers for three-fourths of a day's pay. And then it seems the recipient of the spontaneous gift was not to forget in the first moments' burst of gratitude that the money was to come back in charity."

"The honor of the nation," said our host, "has been quite as badly ignored as the interests of the people. It is a vital point with Great Britain to keep on good terms with the European powers, yet the three most important ambassadors at the court of St. James—De Staat, Waddington and Kalouky—received such shabby treatment that they left the palace in high dudgeon. Surely it was to the credit of the nation that the princes from the great dependency of India should be as well received as petty European sovereigns, but there was such a want of civility that Maharajah Holkar indignantly left London. His precipitate retreat was mainly caused by the slight offered him and his countrymen at the volunteer review. The Indian princes were told to leave their carriages outside Buckingham palace. As they picked their way in their magnificent robes across the court yard little German princelings in grand turnouts drove by them right up to the pavilion. Nor did this end the slights. Next came the laying of the corner stone of the Imperial institute. It was supposed this building was to be erected for the special benefit of the colonies and India. But on the date reserved for royalties not an Indian prince appeared. They were not even escorted to front seat, but left with the general crowd. Later they were accorded the privilege of paying their own way to Portsmouth and back. Nor did they find themselves on a royal yacht at the naval review, but on the oldest and dirtiest of the troopships at the tail end of the procession. Not only were representatives of India and the colonies, parliamentary representatives of Great Britain and Ireland, preceded by the yacht bearing the queen, not only by that of the Prince of Wales and by three others carrying their betters, but in truth by the vessel of the suite of the royal household. Verily the house of Hanover seems to be wholly oblivious to court etiquette, to all the privileges of rank except what applies to themselves."

"The aversion of the queen," said the artist, "is one of the most lamentable of her characteristics. She has been in the habit of inviting distinguished actors to Windsor to give private entertainments for herself and royal guests, but always remunerating them most inadequately for their services, and there was much dissatisfaction among some that the profession had wasted any money on her jubilee. I was in a certain place the other day and found myself one of a crowd largely composed of actors, among whom there was much indignant talk about 'waste of money.' The 'waste' referred to the cost of the professional address to the queen. The hundreds spent upon it, they declared, had been 'thrown away,' as her majesty had treated it with indifference. On one occasion the queen invited the actor, Mr. Wyndham, to give some recitations. When he left she actually had the face to give him half a crown. He bowed graciously in receiving it, and on arriving at London he put it into a charity box and had it registered as a donation from himself and the queen. Another evidence of her parsimony is now going the rounds of the British Liberal journals after this fashion: 'What is mine is my own,' cries her majesty; and she has no intention of letting anything that is absolutely her private property fall into the hands of the nation. She has determined to store the costly gifts received during her jubilee at Balmoral and Osborne, instead of at Buckingham palace and Windsor, as it is at these latter royal residences that there are collections of precious things which are crown property, and her majesty is fearful that some of her presents, if stored at either of these places, may be confounded at some distant date with what belongs to the nation, and give rise to disputes between herself, her heirs, administrators or assigns and the crown. Good, careful queen! It is a pity the nation has not been equally careful in the past, as there are many priceless possessions of theirs which have got mixed up with her majesty's own treasures, and now the sovereign is much surprised when it is pointed out to her that she does not belong to her personally."

"Did you ever hear," said the venerable general, "what before her marriage her majesty was hopelessly in love with the captain of the Royal guards—a tall, splendid looking man? Her passion was so well known that the captain was ordered to India and the German Prince Albert promptly imported."

With this dainty bit of gossip and some discussion on social ethics the ladies retired. Elizabeth Cady Stanton.

Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic is not a stimulant but a nerve food, restoring nerve force lost by sickness or excessive mental work or the use of liquor, opium, morphine or tobacco. It supplies food for nerve tissues and by its gentle operative action, removes all restraint from the secretory organs, hence, curing all diseases of stomach and liver. J. E. Allen & Co., City Drug Store, will supply the genuine Red Clover Tonic at 50 cents a bottle.

Sam Jones says he is not a "divine" but a "human."

"SHE'S MUCH OLDER THAN HER HUSBAND."

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

INDIANAPOLIS Business College

VANCE BLOCK. Established, 1856.

Consolidation of all the Business and Commercial Colleges of Indianapolis, including Bryant & Stratton.

THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND MOST THOROUGH BUSINESS COLLEGE AND SHORT-HAND AND TYPE-WRITING SCHOOL IN THE WEST.

The Prominent Business Men and Leading Bookkeepers of Indianapolis received their Mercantile Training from the Proprietor of this school, during the last twenty-one years. Our graduates are sought by business men, are capable of filling the most responsible positions, and are tireless advocates of our school. Students receive individual instruction and an enter at any time. Send for Catalogue and Circulars giving complete information. Course of study, entire cost of Tuition, Board, etc. Address, with stamp,

C. C. KOERNER, INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

This represents a healthy life. Throughout its various scenes, just such a life as they enjoy who use the Smith's Bile Beans.

Smith's BILE BEANS purify the blood, by acting directly and promptly on the Liver, Skin and Kidneys. They consist of a vegetable combination that has no equal in medical science. They cure Constipation, Malaria, and Dyspepsia, and are a safeguard against all forms of fevers, chills and fevers, gall stones, and Bright's disease. Send 4 cents postage for a sample package and test the TRUTH of what we say. Price, 25 cents per bottle, mailed to any address, postpaid. DUSE ONE BEAN. Sold by druggists.

J. P. SMITH & CO., PROPRIETORS, ST. LOUIS, MO.

WELL PAID EMPLOYMENT.

Can be secured by you if a COMPETENT SHORTHAND WRITER. This you may become in few months, at little expense, by coming to us, or getting our instructions to come to you.

We Can Teach You by Mail and Guarantee SUCCESS!

Address: PRINCIPAL LOUISVILLE SHORTHAND INSTITUTE, LOUISVILLE, KY. We can teach you Book-keeping and Penmanship by Mail.

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

Scalds, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Stings, Bites, Bruises, Junions, Corns, Scratches, Sprains, Strains, Stitches, Stiff Joints, Backache, Galls, Sores, Spavins, Cracks, Contracted Muscles, Eruptions, Hoof Ail, Scurf, Worms, Swinney, Saddle Galls, Piles.

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs it as a medicine. The Lumberman needs it in case of accident. The Housewife needs it for general family use. The Cavalier needs it for his teams and his men. The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench. The Miner needs it in case of emergency. The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it. The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard. The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore. The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance. The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble. The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers. The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer. The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once. Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy. Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages. Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

Short hand Phonography TAUGHT BY MAIL.

PITMANN'S SYSTEM!

For the benefit of those who wish to employ the summer vacation in learning this valuable art, I will make the following offer. For

\$25.00

One half in advance, balance after one month, I will engage to put any scholar beyond the need of a teacher, including the teaching of the "Manual" and the correcting of the "Companion" in accordance with the latest views on Phonography.

This offer will be open for two months.

Method of teaching recommended and endorsed by Messrs. Pitman and Howard of the Phonetic Institute.

For further information address S. A. POTTER, P. O. Box 333. No. 4, Temple Bar, CINCINNATI, O.

Time Tables.

Condensed Time Tables, June, 1887.

MONON ROUTE.

The Oft Told Story

Of the peculiar medicinal merits of Hood's Sarsaparilla is fully confirmed by the voluntary testimony of thousands who have tried it. Peculiar in the combination, proportion, and preparation of its ingredients, peculiar in the extreme care with which it is put up, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures where other preparations entirely fail. Peculiar in the unequalled good name it has made at home, which is a "tower of strength abroad," peculiar in the phenomenal sales it has attained.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the most popular and successful medicine before the public today for purifying the blood, giving strength, creating an appetite. "I suffered from weakness and low spirits, and also had eczema on the back of my head and neck, which was very annoying. I took one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I have received so much benefit that I am very grateful, and I am always glad to speak a good word for this medicine." Mrs. J. S. SNYDER, Pottsville, Penn.

Purifies the Blood

Henry Biggs, Campbell Street, Kansas City, had scrofulous sores all over his body for fifteen years. Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cured him.

Wallace Buck, of North Bloomfield, N. Y., suffered eleven years with a terrible varicose ulcer on his leg, so bad that he had to give up business. He was cured of the ulcer, and also of catarrh, by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists, \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apocthearies, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

THE UNIVERSITY.

Sayings, Doings and Happenings Among the College People.

The campus walks are being improved.

The club court constitution has been revised.

There is better attendance at drill this year than ever before.

Senior speeches this year are of a better grade than formerly.

Dr. Curtis' lecture last Sunday was full of force and old time ring.

The State Association of the Delta Taus will be held in Bloomington this year.

Dr. Muensen, '45, attended chapel Tuesday morning and gave an interesting talk.

The water supply furnished the laboratories by the water works is a great convenience.

A large number of the students attended the Cleveland reception at Indianapolis Saturday.

The State University foot ball team will play the Franklin college team at Athletic Park, Indianapolis, Saturday, October 15.

The freshmen election last Friday resulted as follows: President, Julian Hogate; vice president, Frank Downey; secretary, Miss Mabel Smith.

The sophomore class met in Philo hall last Friday and elected the following officers: President, C. B. Peters; vice president, W. O. Bowers; secretary, R. O. West; prophet, J. H. Harrison; orator, J. H. Robinson; poetess, Miss Sidelia Starr; sergeant-at-arms, A. I. Doty.

School of Music.

We need more pianos.

Prof. Druley was in Indianapolis Monday.

Miss Lida Bosler is visiting friends in Chicago.

Prof. Kelly visited friends in Indianapolis Wednesday.

There are twenty-four regular vocal scholars.

Miss Mamie Gallabue, of Indiana, has entered the school.

Miss Lon Stucky is a pledge member of the Alpha Chi Omega.

Misses Maud Rude and Anna Augustus will spend Sunday in Paris, Ill.

Prof. Howe's new book case and writing desk combined add much to the beauty of his room.

Prof. Utter and lady are spending a few days in the city. The professor is a musician, teaching both vocal and instrumental music.

The partition between the assembly room and the hall on the second floor of the music hall will be torn out and an archway put in the place. This will accommodate both the chorus and orchestra at rehearsals. It will improve the looks of the interior of the building and will greatly enlarge the seating capacity of the assembly room.

LEADING TONE.

Died.

At the residence of her uncle, Lewis B. Agard, in the village of Litchfield, Miss Enla May Brockway, in the 18th year of her age.

Enla May, the only daughter of S. P. and Emily Agard Brockway, was born in Marshall, Mich., December 13, 1869. When she was 10 years old she suffered that greatest of all childhood afflictions, the loss of her mother.

Soon after her mother's departure she began attending boarding-school, first at River Forest School, next at Miss Rice's academy in Chicago, then she spent two years at Ursuline convent, Chatham, Ontario, and the last two years at De Pauw University, Greencastle, Ind. In each of these schools she made marked progress for one

of her years, and in the last named she attained an almost enviable rank. Having an amiable disposition, she drew around her a circle of admirers who found in her a genial companion and a true friend.

Being deprived of a mother's counsel in her early youth, she was compelled to rely largely upon her own resources for the directing of her personal conduct, and this brought forth the possibilities of her nature to a degree greatly in advance of her years. Her friendly epistles to her family and associates abound in beauty of thought and construction, which will be held as rare treasures in that memory by which we possess the departed. While she seemed to have had given her a vigorous body, she nevertheless was delicate in constitution, and the tax upon her resources which produced the gratifying results just mentioned, twice brought her near the mystic river and finally placed her upon the bed of death.

During her stay at Greencastle, having previously given her heart to God, she gave her hand to the M. E. church, and thus took her place among the willing workers for the glory of the Lord.

Through all of her long and painful sickness she was patient, cheerful, and hopeful. With such possibilities before her it is no wonder that she clung to life; but when the balances were drawn, and the end drew near she relinquished her hold on the world and looked with loving anxiety for the greeting that awaited her, and which was so near at hand.

In the afternoon of Thursday last her friends saw that the end was near, and with that anxious suspense which attends the waiters by the dying couch they listened for the rustle of the angel's wings as they came to bear her spirit home. Her hands felt helpless by her side, the paralysis of death stole slowly over her body, her tongue refused to fill its mission, her pulse ran weak and weaker still, her breath faint, and just as the clock struck out the hour of midnight, she was gone. She died Sept. 15th, 1887, being 17 years, 9 months and 2 days of age.

Her work on earth is done, yet her sweet life will linger with its blessings through the passage. —REV. A. N. ELDEED in Litchfield (Mich.) Gazette.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES.

Gathered by Our Reporters Throughout the County.

FINCASTLE.

F. A. Stultz went to Indianapolis the first of the week.

Wm. Fosher and Clark Twig were in Chicago this week attending the president's reception.

A runaway team of mules in town Friday last created considerable excitement for a short time, no damage done however.

M. A. & J. C. Bridges sold 140 head of hogs to Crodian Bros. last Monday.

Our school is progressing nicely under the care of Geo. W. Poole assisted by Miss Ella King.

Oscar Kane preached at the Christian church last Sunday morning and afternoon.

Not much sickness in our neighborhood, there has not been a death near here this year.

The Republicans of the township are wide awake and are expecting a great victory all along the line next year.

NEW MAYSVILLE.

Rain all last week. The wheat and grass growing, but stock water is scarce yet.

Job Williams is not improving much yet from his horse kick.

Mrs. McDonner and her daughter-in-law Mrs. Will McDonner, of Ohio, are visiting relatives here.

Lingenfelter, Nichols & Co. are putting up patent wire fence in the neighborhood, something new and hard to beat.

Quite a number of the citizens have gone to Chicago to see the President and Mrs. Cleveland.

One of our citizens tried to make his family believe he had shot himself. Guess it was only a ruse.

E. Perkins' new grain house nears completion.

Frank Hall is rebuilding his barn, or rather building a new one in the place of the one that burned.

FLOYD TOWNSHIP.

There was a party at J. Hansel's Tuesday night.

Elsworth Evans has moved into his new house.

Rev. S. L. Hughey and family are visiting in Fredonia, Ky.

Joe Smith is not expected to live. Frank Sheppard and Tobe Owens are also very low.

John Ader succeeds Edgar Graham, of the firm Graham & Evans. The firm has removed to Ader's property and will be known as Ader & Evans.

The Democracy of Groveland was somewhat disappointed Saturday They had made arrangements for President Cleveland to leave the train at Danville and come out with the mail to G. to witness a game of base ball gotten up for his excellency's especial benefit.

'Genl. Boynton makes strange of the fact that the managers of Cleveland's western and southern trip should so arrange it as to pass all the battle fields in the night. We see nothing strange in this, he kept as far away from them during the war as was possible.

The ladies of the Groveland S. P. church organized a missionary society last Saturday evening with Mrs. Dr. Wood, Pres.; Mrs. E. R. Summers, Ist Vice and Mrs. J. Lydick, 2nd Vice Pres.; Miss Eppa Phelps, Sec. Miss Hall and Miss Phelps were elected delegates to the meeting of Synod at Danville the 27th.

The Pacific Railroads.

New York Independent.

The report of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, the Government Railroad Commissioner, in regard to the Pacific railroads, presents the facts relating to their financial condition at the end of 1886. From this report it appears that the debt of the Union Pacific Railroad Co., at the close of last December, was \$159,499,747, which, with the addition of its capital stock, makes an aggregate liability of \$220,368,247, and that the assets of the company amount to \$257,592,821. The report also shows the capital stock of the Central Pacific Co. to be \$68,000,000, and its funded debt to be \$61,697,000, making an aggregate of \$129,697,000. The financial condition of the Northern Pacific Company may be seen by the following figures: capital stock, \$86,936,766; total debt, \$85,158,484; assets estimated at \$173,170,220.

The report contains no recommendations whatever as to the manner in which the huge debt due to the United States from the Union and Central Pacific companies (shall be finally adjusted. This is still an open question, and its solution awaits the future action of Congress. The debt must ultimately be paid; but the precise policy for attaining this result is not yet fixed.

The Neck of the Giraffe.

In spite of its enormous length it only possesses the seven vertebrae which are common to nearly all the mammals. In consequence it is nearly as inflexible as a wooden bar of equal length, so that the many pretty pictures which represent giraffes curving their necks gracefully, after the manner of swans, are ludicrously wrong. "But," said the objectors, "if it had so long and inflexible a neck it could not graze, and being a ruminant animal would die of hunger." It is quite true that it cannot graze. It can only lower its head near the ground by spreading its forelegs as widely as possible and drawing its hind legs under them, thus presenting a most ludicrous aspect. In its native state it never, as far as I know, even attempts to lower its head to the ground, but in captivity it can be induced to do so by laying on the ground a large lump of sugar, of which it is inordinately fond.

The fact is that it is intended, to graze, not on the ground, but on the leaves of trees. The acacia, or mimosa, is its favorite tree, and the Dutch colonists have in consequence called the acacia by the name of "kameeldorn"—i. e., camel thorn, they invariably giving the name of "camel" to the giraffe. This mode of feeding involves another anomalous structure. This is the tongue, on which the giraffe is almost as much dependent as is the elephant on its proboscis. It is possessed of wonderful powers of extension and contraction, and can be narrowed until it almost resembles the corresponding organ of the ant eater. The peculiar powers of the tongue can well be seen when the animal takes the sugar from the ground. It does not attempt to seize the sugar with its lips, but protrudes its tongue to its fullest extent, twists the narrowed tip around the sugar and so draws the coveted dainty into its mouth. When it feeds on the trees it picks off leaf after leaf quite daintily, selecting those which are most to its taste.—Good Words.

A Novelist at Work.

Mr. Walter Besant only devotes three or four hours a day to producing copy. The rest of his working time he devotes to revision and to gleaming fresh material from the world about him.—New York Tribune.

Coal, Wood & Kindling.

I am prepared to furnish best

BRAZIL BLOCK COAL

And Kindling, on short notice. Office on North Jackson street, formerly occupied by C. H. Osborne. Orders may be left at Landes' Drug Store, J. K. Langdon's book store, Schaeckel's Cigar store, and Turk's grocery store.

JOE C. BAKER.

J. A. JACKSON, JR.

MARBLE AND GRANITE



MONUMENTS.

Fine Work, Low Prices.

East Washington Street.

GREENCASTLE, : : INDIANA.

COMPARATIVE WORTH OF BAKING POWDERS.

ROYAL (Absolutely Pure).....

GRANT'S (Alum Powder) *.....

RUMFORD'S, when fresh.....

HANFORD'S, when fresh.....

REDHEAD'S.....

CHARM (Alum Powder) *.....

AMAZON (Alum Powder) *.....

CLEVELAND'S short wt. doz.....

PIONEER (San Francisco).....

CZAR.....

DR. PRICE'S.....

SNOW FLAKE (Graft's).....

LEWIS.....

PEARL (Andrews & Co.).....

HECKER'S.....

GILLET'S.....

ANDREWS & CO. "Regal".....

BULK (Powder sold loose).....

RUMFORD'S, when not fresh.....

REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT CHEMISTS

As to Purity and Wholesomeness of the Royal Baking Powder.

"I have tested a package of Royal Baking Powder, which I purchased in the open market, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder of a high degree of merit, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substances. E. G. LOVE, Ph.D."

"It is a scientific fact that the Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure. H. A. MOTT, Ph.D."

"I have examined a package of Royal Baking Powder, purchased by myself in the market. I find it entirely free from alum, terra alba, or any other injurious substance. HENRY MONTROSE, Ph.D., President of Stevens Institute of Technology."

"I have analyzed a package of Royal Baking Powder. The materials of which it is composed are pure and wholesome. S. DANA HAYES, State Assayer, Mass."

The Royal Baking Powder received the highest award over all competitors at the Vienna World's Exposition, 1873; at the Centennial, Philadelphia, 1876; at the American Institute, New York, and at State Fairs throughout the country. No other article of human food has ever received such high, emphatic, and universal endorsement from eminent chemists, physicians, scientists, and Boards of Health all over the world.

NOTE.—The above DIAGRAM illustrates the comparative worth of various Baking Powders, as shown by Chemical Analysis and experiments made by Prof. Schedler. A pound can of each powder was taken, the total leavening power or volume in each can calculated, the result being as indicated. This practical test for worth by Prof. Schedler only proves what every observant consumer of the Royal Baking Powder knows by practical experience, that, while it costs a few cents per pound more than ordinary kinds, it is far more economical, and, besides, affords the advantage of better work. A single trial of the Royal Baking Powder will convince any fair minded person of these facts.

* While the diagram shows some of the alum powders to be of a higher degree of strength than other powders ranked below them, it is not to be taken as indicating that they have any value. All alum powders, no matter how high their strength, are to be avoided as dangerous.

Water - Water!

The undersigned are prepared to furnish and fit up DWELLINGS, STORES, OFFICES and SALOONS with the most approved SANITARY PLUMBING DEVICES at reasonable prices.

Sanitary Closets, Bath Tubs, Garden Hose and Reels, Lawn Sprinklers, Fountains, etc.,

In stock and open for inspection. GAS and STEAM FITTING a Specialty. —FINE CHANDELIERS.—

WATSON & GLENN,

G. L. COLLINS, Manager.

Next to Postoffice.

WANTED:

Everybody to know that Hughes Brothers are in town to stay, with a full line of produce, Hay, Corn, Oats and feed of all kinds, at wholesale and retail in any amount. Don't forget the place. Come one, come all. Low prices and square dealing our motto. Don't forget we are headquarters for illuminating and Lubricating Oils at wholesale. The best in the market. Remember the old stand, corner Franklin and Market streets, Greencastle, Ind.

HUGHES BROS.

Cheap Rates via the Vandavia Line for the St. Louis Fall Festivities.

We have just received official information that the Vandavia Line has made the following very liberal arrangements from points east of Eppingham and north of Terre Haute for parties desiring to visit St. Louis to witness the various Fall Festivities, which are unusually magnificent for this year.

Excursion tickets to the Exposition will be sold on Mondays and Thursdays from Sept. 8th to Oct. 23d, at one and one-third fare for the round trip, with 25 cents added for an admission ticket to the Exposition. Tickets will be good going on date of sale only, and returning five days from such date, but in no case later than Oct. 24th.

Excursion tickets to the G. A. R. Reunion will be sold from Sept. 24th to Sept. 28th at the rate of one cent per mile each way, with the rate over St. Louis bridge added. Tickets will be good going only on date of sale and returning until Oct. 10th, inclusive, subject to special extension of the time limit. From Terre Haute and points north and east the tickets will not be good to return before Sept. 27th.

Excursion tickets to the Fair will be sold from Oct. 1st to Oct. 24th, inclusive, at rate of one cent for the round trip, with fifty cents added for an admission ticket to the fair. Tickets will be good going only on date of sale and returning until Oct. 24th, inclusive.

Write to the nearest ticket agent of the Vandavia Line for a detailed programme of the above attractions.

MONEY TO LOAN.—On first class security, at six and seven per cent. interest. No commission.

GEORGE HATHAWAY.

Auction

—AND—

COMMISSION - HOUSE.

In connection with my upholstering and Furniture repairing there will be an

AUCTION

at my room next door to Marquis' music store, every Saturday night, commencing Saturday,

October 8.

Will sell all kinds of household goods, glass and Queensware. Dry goods and notions of all kinds. Parties having anything to sell please call at my store. Charges reasonable.

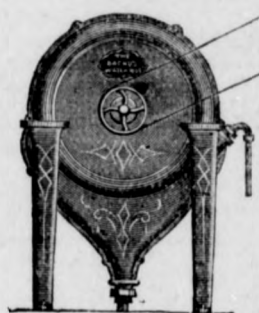
Henry Earp.

W. W. ALLEN, Auctioneer, 442m

An Unparalleled Offer. Good Till November 1st, Only.

No. 1.—The Greencastle TIMES one year..... \$1.25
No. 2.—The American Agriculturist, post paid, (English or German), for the balance of this year and all of 1888—fourteen months. Price, per year..... 1.50
No. 3.—The American Agriculturist Cyclopaedia of Natural History. Over 600 pages, and 500 illustrations. Bound in cloth and gold. Published Sept. 1, 1887, worth fully... 2.00
No. 4.—Engravings of the Homes of our Farmer Presidents, 11x18, issued during 1886 and 1887, viz., Washington, Jefferson, Jackson, Garfield, etc., etc., together with descriptions of the same by eminent American writers. Not for sale, but fully worth, each..... 1.00
We will furnish all the above, post-paid, for..... 2.55
Send six cents to 751 Broadway, New York, for mailing you specimen copy of the American Agriculturist, English or German, and specimen pages of the Cyclopaedia of Natural History.

The Backus Water Motor



—Is the Most—

ECONOMICAL POWER KNOWN

—For—

DRIVING LIGHT MACHINERY.

It takes but little room.

It never gets out of repair.

It can not blow up.

It requires no fuel.

It needs no engineer.

There is no delay; no firing up; no ashes to clean away; no extra insurance to pay; no repairing necessary; no coal bills to pay, and it is always ready for use.

It is invaluable for blowing church organs, for running Printing presses, sewing machines, turning lathes, scroll saws, grind stones, coffee mills, sausage machines, feed cutters, corn mills, elevators, etc. Four-horse power at 40 pounds pressure of water. It is noiseless, neat, compact, steady, and above all

IT IS VERY CHEAP

PRICE : : : : \$15 to \$300.

Send for circular to

THE BACKUS WATER MOTOR CO.,

Newark, N. J.,

Stating paper you saw advertisement in.

When I Say Wholesale Prices, I Mean

Wholesale Prices!

I will sell at wholesale cost until all summer goods are closed out, all of my men's Dongola and low-cut Shoes; all of my children's and misses' Walking Shoes and slippers, and also all of my

Cotton Hosiery!

consisting of a complete line of men's, women's and children's wear, in all grades from 4 cts. to 50 cts. per pair. You will pay from 30 to 50 per cent. more for any of these goods at other stores.

All other goods at extremely low prices to reduce stock, to make room for fall goods.

Put your money where it will do the most good.

Milroy Gordon,

July 6, 1887.

DePAUW ART SCHOOL.

Wood Carving, etc.

Miss Gertie Quick, a student of the Cincinnati School of Design, will take charge of the department of wood carving, china painting and repousse. A pleasant room in the Simpson Art Hall will be provided, and a large class in this delightful and profitable study is anticipated.

Miss Quick, if she can get a class of five in china painting, will purchase a kiln for burning china. Remember that Miss Quick is of the Cincinnati School of Design—a student of Ben Pitman.

Prices per term \$16 for wood carving and china painting and \$10 for repousse. For further information address the Art School for catalogue.